

VOLUME 55.

26 G. M. PIKE, at his home, eight miles from Licking, Mo.

JOHN PIZZINI, an old journalist, at one time resident vice consul of Italy, at Richmond, Va.

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1891.

Hon. John H. Caldwell will speak, at a future date to be fixed, at Gadsden on the political issues of the day.

The Committee appointed by the last National Alliance to fix another place than Washington for the February conference looking to third party action has named St. Louis as the place and February 28th as the time.

The Republican National Convention has been called for early in June. The Democratic National Convention will probably be called for a date not much later. This will necessitate the calling of our State Convention some time in May.

We publish this week, for the information of our Alliance readers the address of the chairman of the Anti-Sub-treasury Committee. His charges against Macneue are of the gravest character. If they are not true, we presume that gentleman will take occasion at an early date to disprove them through his paper. No man can afford to be silent under such charges.

It is almost useless to say that no bill passed the Legislature at the last session to appropriate public money to work the streets of Jacksonville. No member of the Legislature would have been foolish enough to even propose such a bill. As in the case of Anniston, Birmingham and other progressive towns of the State, a bill was passed allowing the people of Jacksonville to borrow money for that purpose. If they do, they will have it to pay and, nobody else.

Gen. Forney and Mr. Grant had a most pleasant time at Olathe, where they spoke last Saturday, both socially and otherwise. The unbounded hospitality of the good people of that neighborhood was manifested during their two days stay in the neighborhood. Notwithstanding it rained all day, more than two-thirds of the voters of beat 18 turned out to hear the speeches, and it was plain to see that the audience were in sympathy with the speakers. That part of Calhoun is reliably democratic to the backbone. A third party will find no footing in western Calhoun.

The Anti-Sub-treasury Alliance in Texas, which proposes to hold the order to its original purpose and preserve inviolate its constitution, seems to be the largest end of the order in that State. It has the State charter and seal and will collect the dues from the sub-alliances. The Alliance has begun the purification of the order from political features tacked on to it at St. Louis by Western Republicans and confirmed at Ocala and Indianapolis. Ultimately the Alliance of the South will stand solidly by the wing which is trying to preserve the constitution of the order and keep it to its original purpose. Gov. Northern of Georgia and other prominent Alliancemen of that State and the South have written letters signifying their intention to stand by the wing which has its Convention at Memphis the 16th of this month.

Some men seem to have the idea that the old Democratic motto, "let the office seek the man and not the man the office," means that no one should declare himself a candidate, but that the people should instinctively center upon some particular individual for each place. This is manifestly impractical. Some of the men best fitted for place are least known to the public, and would never be chosen under such a rule. Whenever a respectable number of his fellow-citizens ask a man to consent to stand for an office, then it may be said the office is seeking the man. Then he is justified in signifying his willingness to accept it, if elected, and then his friends are in position to present his fitness for it and induce the support of the public. Under this plan the public have an opportunity to learn about candidates and select the best man. Under the plan that would preclude a man from becoming a candidate, only well known men could ever be chosen. It is not always the best known who is the best man.

An Edwardsville correspondent of the Birmingham Age-Herald, suggests Prof. John W. Abernethy, late of Cleburne county, but now a resident of Anniston, as a suitable man for Congress from the Fourth District.

In the "Murmur of the World" column of the Birmingham Age-Herald of Sunday last the presence of Hon. F. L. Pettus, of Selma, in the city is noted. Speaking of him the writer said:

"Mr. Pettus is one of the ablest and most popular young men in the State. He is a strong man of wide information and of ripe judgment, of earnestness and honesty. Few men of his years, amongst our people, have so much of promise as he; few men so able and straightforward. Mr. Pettus has been often spoken of and strongly urged as a candidate for Congress in the new fourth district and it is possible that he may consent to stand for that office. It is doubtful if there is a man in the district more capable than he. The district would honor itself in calling him to serve it, and he would reflect credit on Alabama."

POLITICAL POINTERS.

Congressman Oates made a speech to six hundred people in Gadsden last Saturday.

Candidates are announcing all over the State for county offices. Sheriff seems to be the favorite office in Dallas.

With cotton at seven cents, business dull and the outlook for the future of our agricultural interest very discouraging, the people of the black belt have about lost any active interest in the political horoscope and are more concerned about making bread and meat and something to eat than they are about who will be the next Governor or Congressman. As long as every one continues to plant all his land in cotton to make money to buy everything that he uses at home or on the farm, there will be no hope of improvement in this section, and it will make but little difference whether or not we hold an election next year.—Selma Mirror.

The third party members of the Alliance have been victorious in all the issues made in the council of the National Alliance now in session in Indianapolis, and especially in the election of officers, the adoption of a report by the Committee on Demands declaring in favor of independent political action, which means, of course, the third party, and the adoption of the Ocala platform with a few minor changes. These results of the session have determined the anti-sub-treasuryites in the Alliance to go forward and perfect the organization towards which they made the first movement in St. Louis a few weeks ago. To this end they will hold a convention in this city on the 16th of December next, and form a Farmers' Alliance on the purely non-political basis on which the existing Alliance was founded. This will have the effect of drawing the lines sharply between the now opposing factions, and, in the South, will greatly help the Democrats in their campaign they may have to make against the third party strengthened by the sub-treasury Alliance people.—Memphis Commercial.

The Third party schemers were certainly in need of the Alliance vote, of which they appear to have made a partial capture at Indianapolis. Their vote in the elections of this month in the northern and western States was ridiculously small. It was hardly big enough to be counted in Massachusetts and New York, and in Ohio it did not amount to one-fourth what they claimed before the election. It was very evident that the movement was not "taking" with the people of those States, and that something must be done to maintain for it even feeble signs of life.

Republican papers are taking comfort from the indications that the third party is being dropped, "like a hot potato," by Republican voters, and that its adherents at this time are mostly Democrats. They still cherish the belief that it will "break the solid south," without anywhere breaking the Republican lines at the north. The Washington Post, Rep., tauntingly says: "The People's Party cast 23,000 votes in Ohio. As the bulk of these were cast by Democrats, it is easy to understand why the Ohio Democrats don't see anything funny in the third party movement." And the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, a vindictively partisan Republican sheet, boasts that "in all the districts where Alliance congressmen were elected last year the Republicans secured decided majorities this year." This refers especially to Kansas and Nebraska.

Senator-elect Peffer's claim that even if the Alliance, or third party, goes to pieces in the north, it will have accomplished its most important work in breaking the solid south, will hardly be realized. If the people of this section did not see the inevitable tendency of the third party movement before the late elections, their eyes will be more fully opened by their results and by the claims of the Republican and third party journals.—Atlanta Journal.

Gen. Wm. H. Forney left for Washington Tuesday to attend the present session of Congress. He may be absent many months, as this is the long session of Congress.

Mr. C. Coffield, of Anniston, has been doing a good business among the substantial farmers of Calhoun in behalf of his insurance company, of late. He is a live man.

De Witt's Sarsaparilla cleanses the blood, increases the appetite and tones up the system. It has benefited many people who have suffered from blood disorders. It will help you. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

Miss Ada Nunnally, of this place, a graduate of the State Normal school at Jacksonville, went to Olathe this week to take charge of a school at that place. She is an amiable and accomplished young lady, and will, no doubt, give perfect satisfaction to the patrons of the school.

People with impure blood may be said to exist, not live. Life is robbed of half its joys when the blood is loaded with impurities and disease. Correct this condition with De Witt's Sarsaparilla, it is reliable. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

ADJOURNED TO MEMPHIS.

THE CORSIANA CONVENTION COMPLETES ITS LABORS.

They Set Forth Their Purposes Pro and Con—They Will not Take Part in Politics as a Body.

CORSICANA, Tex., Nov. 27.—The Alliance was called to order at 8:30 o'clock this morning. Twenty more delegates arrived on the morning train, making in all 105; representing sixty-five counties. The Committee on resolutions reported, endorsing the intent and purposes of the Fort Worth and St. Louis conventions, and the call for the convention at Memphis, Tenn., on December 16.

Twenty-five delegates were appointed to attend that convention. A resolution prevailed to charter the new Constitution reported by William Henry Murray of Corsicana, Texas.

The Committee on Constitution and By-Laws presented a resolution prohibiting any man from becoming a member who believes in, belongs to or aids in any way any secret class organization that makes political demands, or in any way exercises any of the distinctive functions of a political party. It also, in both the Constitution and ritual, prohibits any man being a member that favors socialism, communism or anarchy.

A Pullman palace car to bear the Texas delegates to the Memphis Alliance Convention was by resolution chartered. The members will bear credentials under the seal of the Farmers' Grand State Alliance of Texas. "Father" B. G. Kendrick of Waco, was elected president; Capt. J. S. Gilbert, of Cado, Texas, vice-president, and W. T. Goss of Bonham, secretary and treasurer.

The following declaration of purposes was adopted:

"Profoundly impressed that we, the Farmers' Alliance, united by the strong and faithful ties of financial and home interests, should set forth our declaration of intentions, we therefore resolve (1) to endorse the motto, 'In all things essential, unity, and in all things charity'; (2) to labor for the education of the agricultural class, and in a strictly non-partisan spirit, in the hope of developing a better state mentally, morally, socially and financially; (3) to strive to sustain law and order and to prevent socialism, communism and anarchy; (4) to constantly strive to secure entire harmony and good will among all mankind and brotherly love among ourselves; (5) to suppress personal and local sectional prejudices and all selfish ambition; (6) to construe words and deeds in their most favorable light, granting honesty of purpose and good intentions to others, to develop intelligent individual manhood, its cardinal doctrines, inspire purity of the right end of life. Its intentions are 'Peace on earth and good will towards men.'"

BY THEIR DANCE YE SHALL KNOW THEM.

The adopted badge of the convention is a single Texas Star, around which are the letters "Truth," and it bears the motto "Non-political, no Boycotts."

Col. W. L. McGahey, general land commissioner of Texas, and others, gave each \$100 to push the organization. No resolution whatever was passed favoring or opposing any political measure.

The following new article was adopted to be known as the Alliance powers:

The Farmers' Grand State Alliance is a non-sectarian, non-partisan and a non-political organization with powers, (1) to provide for the inculcation of charity and benevolence, encouraging agriculture and horticulture and the suppression of personal, local, sectional and national prejudices and all selfish ambition; (2) to discuss all matters appertaining to the class composing its membership and the science of government and political economy in a non-partisan spirit, provided that each individual member shall be free to take any position on any question and the individuality of every member respected and encouraged; (3) to co-operate in matters appertaining to the financial welfare of the membership, provided that in no case shall the State, county or other alliances composing the organization, ever condemn any of the legitimate professions or indorse or boycott any man's business; (4) to petition any of the branches of government for a settlement of difference and a redress of grievances; but no alliance composing this organization shall ever make any political party nor attempt, by resolution or otherwise, to compel any member to support any candidate for public office or sectarian or political measure.

Thus the permanent organization was perfected. It also provided for the establishment of District Libraries. Among the prominent delegates today are the Hon. Sam H. Dixon; Hon. J. L. Goodman, editor of the Farmers' World at Dallas, and Col. R. A. Rutherford.

The body adjourned sine die at 5 p. m.

President-elect Kendrick will tomorrow issue his proclamation to the County and sub-Alliances of Texas, giving official notice that his wing is in position of the State charter, and that they must pay hereafter quarterly dues to Treasurer-elect Goss, upon pain of suspension and forfeiture of their sub-charters. The Kendrick wing is undoubtedly on top, and the best talent in the State says the courts will sustain their procedure.

WITHOUT GLOVES.

CHAIRMAN McALLISTER'S FIERY ATTACK.

He Goes for Doc. McNeill, Executive Chairman of the Alliance Rather Rough Shod.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 27.—W. S. McAllister of Mississippi, chairman of the executive committee of the anti-sub-treasury Alliance, has published an open letter, making a fiery attack upon Dr. C. W. McNeill, chairman of the executive committee of the Alliance. In it he says: "It may not be out of place for me to state that I am controlled in this matter solely in virtue of the duties incumbent upon me as chairman of the national executive committee of anti-sub-treasury Alliancemen, who in national convention recently at St. Louis, Mo., denounced and declared unending war upon 'C. W. McNeill—together with his tools and henchmen,' and in the abiding hope that by presenting the truth, we will finally get a hearing before the honest afterthought of the well-meaning farmers of this country and rescue them from the plunder, ruin and desolation of the worst and most corrupt band of organized scoundrels who have preyed on the credulity of the masses since the formation of the government. As to the charge that McNeill sold his official influence in the Georgia senatorial contest, it is unnecessary for present purposes to introduce the mass of conclusive testimony adduced before the investigating committee at Ocala. It abundantly suffices to state that McNeill has never made any public denial of the charge, although it was made by Hon. U. S. Hall and myself six months ago, and published throughout the country. President Frank McGrath of the Kansas State Alliance, a member of the Ocala committee, has said publicly that 'McNeill was guilty as charged and is expelled from the order.' President J. H. McDowell of the Tennessee State Alliance and chairman of the Ocala committee wrote an official letter to T. J. Middleton, of Texas, in which he stated that McNeill was guilty and that the committee report was clearly a 'whitewash.' Lecturer Burkitt, of Mississippi, another member of the Ocala committee admitted to Hon. J. H. Beeman and myself that McNeill was guilty as charged, and that he (Burkitt) 'drew up the report whitewash him.' President L. L. Polk admitted to me in a conversation at Hazlehurst, Miss., so late as June last, that 'Dr. McNeill is undoubtedly sold himself in the Georgia senatorial contest, and no truthful man who knows the facts as we do can defend him.'"

When the serpent crept into the sanctified Eden, leaving slimy traces upon its sinuous trail, he was not more cunning, calculating, nor treacherous with credulous Eve, than was C. W. McNeill with the confiding, unsuspecting Texas Alliancemen when he inveigled them into putting their toll-cashed dollars into his financial grab-bag. The Texas Alliance exchange flourished for a little over two years and failed hopelessly in the spring of 1889. Manager McNeill's first balance sheet shows its financial condition originally to have been as follows: Original amount of cash capital, \$75,000; later cash subscriptions, \$17,500; subscriptions in cattle, \$11,000; contributed by the city of Dallas, \$45,000; contributed by the city of Belton, \$12,000; total subscriptions, \$189,500. After the failure of the spring of 1889, the exchange property and assets was sold to pay its debts, for \$35,000. Thus the loss borne by the subscribers was \$154,500. What became of this \$154,500 between what was originally subscribed and paid in as capital stock and what the exchange property, including assets, etc., sold for after the collapse in 1889? The exchange pay roll contained the names of nineteen railroad employees and cost the farmers of Texas \$1,894.50 every month in the year. Later the exorbitant salaries were proven to be frauds perpetrated by McNeill upon the stockholders in his desperate effort to account for the funds that passed into his hands. The actual salaries paid were not as great by half as were represented by McNeill to the investigating committee, under oath.

He got thousands of farmers to club together and give joint notes for provisions to be purchased in the future. The accounts of the exchange show that \$200,000.95 worth of notes, secured by mortgages, had been placed in McNeill's hands, and that \$345,035.54 worth of them had been pledged as collaterals for cash loans and as security for the payment of amounts due for cotton compresses cotton gins and other property purchased by McNeill for the exchange. This left \$72,869.11 worth of these notes which McNeill utterly failed to account for. But those who had signed them having had to pay them. Over \$300,000 of such collateral was put out by McNeill. Often the amount loaned on it was ridiculously small, and in hundreds of cases those who made the notes got only a very small part of their face value.

The facts in the case further show that McNeill attempted to effect and account for his enormous shortage by turning over various and sundry accounts, which, upon investigation, were found to be bogus and fictitious. In many instances the parties proved that they never had any transactions with the exchange, and in other cases no such persons were found to exist as those named in the accounts.

Then again, accounts were turned over against parties who had and exhibited receipts acknowledging "payment in full."

Hon. B. J. Kendrick, "one of the early fathers of the Alliance," chairman of the Texas State Alliance executive committee, during McNeill's management of the exchange, and one of the committee that investigated the affairs after it collapsed, told the writer last summer that "There has never been committed in this country a more monstrous fraud and swindle upon an unsuspecting people than McNeill perpetrated upon the members of our order while manager of our exchange, and there are portions of Texas where, if he dared to put his foot, the outraged people would rise up and mob him as they would a horse thief or an outlaw."

To show the prodigious effect upon the Texas Alliancemen of McNeill's plunder of their exchange, the following figures taken from the official rosters and furnished by State Secretary S. O. Darns, with the accompanying statement, are here presented and are conclusive:

March, 1889, male members....100,000
August, 1889, male members....40,000
Decrease in four months....60,000

Very few of these who then left the Alliance have come back, or are likely to while McNeill is at the helm. The shock of the exchange failure was a terrible one. It came at a time when the utmost harmony prevailed, when the supposed successful establishment of a market for their produce and a supply depot, which would make them independent of the "middle men," was daily bringing into the order dozens of farmers whom nothing else could have induced to join a society of any kind. The failure might have been forgiven, but to be induced to sign notes for McNeill as manager of the exchange, to hold against orders for supplies of any consequence, to be notified that those notes had been used as collateral, contrary to the stipulation on which the arrangement was based, and then to be obliged to buy up those notes—representing practically no value received—this was more than even the open-handed Texas farmer could stand, and he quit then and there, "60,000 of him."

In the spring of 1889 "the house that McNeill built" had cost the Texas Alliancemen more than \$400,000, and after its final collapse he fled to Washington City, started the National Economist, and had himself made chairman of the National Executive committee.

A significant fact, which wonderfully serves to explain what became of the shortage in the exchange, is found in the fact that the Economist property is conservatively estimated to be worth about the sum it cost Texas to get rid of McNeill, and learn that the "exchange" did not pay.—Thus is presented the picture of a man at once brutal in his piratical rapacity, pusillanimous in the venality of his practices and incorrigibly infamous in the fertility of his mercenary schemes and designs; who "through falsehood, trickery and fraud in manifold and subtle forms," has stirred up a degree of economic heresy and fanaticism hitherto unknown in this country, and is daily striving to displace in popular confidence the time-honored tribunes of the people, with vermin of his kind. For the honest sturdy, toil-worn and oppressed producers of this country we have only deep-seated sympathy, and strive with unrelenting hand to secure them timely substantial relief; when they band themselves together in secret oath-bound political societies—harboring thieves and whitewashing confederated scoundrels,—they at once become false to themselves and their past history, retard the relief so needed, and are but distributors of the public peace and rank enemies to their country and its welfare. Such societies must never be sanctioned or tolerated in this free country where the ballot is the arbiter, for in their mysterious bound conclaves treason lurks, communism stalks with brazen front and anarchy unmasks its gory face.

Against all such societies, together with such lepers as McNeill and his visionary schemes of finance, we, the "Anti-Sub-treasury Alliancemen," declare unflinching war, and shall continue battle in the field of public debate, until the order is purged of its impostors, rescued from its financial heresies, and restored to its original purity and usefulness.

(Signed) WM. S. McALLISTER,
Chairman National Anti-Sub-treasury Executive Committee.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.)
C. D. Martin vs. W. H. Rowe.

Before me J. D. Arnold a Justice of the Peace for said county.

Before me as Justice of the Peace this Dec. 1st 1891, came the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, and it appearing that certain property of the said Defendant has been levied upon by notice of an attachment issued from my office returnable the 21st day of Dec. 1891, and that Defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is therefore ordered that notice of said attachment and the return day thereof be given to the said W. H. Rowe, by publication, once a week for three successive weeks before said 21st of December 1891 in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county and a copy thereof be mailed to the said Defendant at his place of residence when known.

Given under my hand this 1st December 1891.

J. D. ARNOLD,
Justice Peace.

Register's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the Ninth District of the North-western Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, composed of the county of Calhoun, at the October term, 1891, in the cause of S. D. G. Brothers as administrator de bonis non vs. W. T. Hanna, deceased, vs. Roda Toland, A. T. Hanna, W. V. Hanna, J. W. Hanna, et al., I will as Register and Master in said court, sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door of said county, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January, 1892, the following real estate to-wit: The N½ of the NW¼ of Section 26, and the middle division of the south half of Section 27, (except the middle dower), all in Township 15, Range 9, Calhoun county, Alabama, as the property of W. T. Hanna, deceased, vs. Roda Toland, A. T. Hanna, W. V. Hanna, J. W. 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ASK FOR A SLIGHT COLD SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.

COUSSEN'S HONEY OF TAR

CURES
COUGHS
COLDS
CONSUMPTION

THIS CELEBRATED REMEDY
HAS BEEN USED WITH SUCCESS
FOR THE LAST 20 YEARS.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

PREPARED BY
RICHARDSON-TAYLOR MED. CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

A NOVELTY IN JOURNALISM.
Sixteen Pages in two Issues a Week
For a Dollar.

The Montgomery Advertiser has inaugurated some features in connection with its weekly that are not attempted at the price by any other paper in the United States.

It is now a sixteen page paper, and instead of the whole being sent out on the same day, it is issued in two sections of eight pages each one section of which is made up and mailed on Wednesday morning and the other on Saturday morning.

The result is that the readers don't have to wait a whole week for the news, then to read matter four, five and six days old. They get the news twice a week.

No other paper in the country issues a 16-page paper at \$1.00 per year, and none east of the Mississippi makes two issues a week at that price.

The Advertiser has all the general news and family miscellany that one can desire, including the popular "Raffles Standard" farmer articles. And besides it has Alabama news than any other paper anywhere.

Its politics are sound, clean and clear-cut. It is emphatically for straight Democracy, squarely against the Republican party's reckless oppression of the people through the tariff and by contracting the currency, strongly opposed to any division of the white people by a third party, and corruption and demagogism in all parties.

It is well printed on large type and is the cheapest paper in the world—16 pages, in two issues per week, at \$1 per year. Send for sample copies. Trial subscriptions for three months only 25 cents. Now is the time, because there is going to be big news this fall and winter, in consequence of the National and State campaigns now well started.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute.
A & M COLLEGE,
AUBURN, ALA.
The Session begins September 16th. The courses of study include the Physical, Chemical and Natural Sciences with their applications; Agriculture, Biology, Mechanics, Mathematics, Engineering (Civil, Mechanical and Electrical), Drawing, English, French, German, and Latin Languages, History, Political Economy, Mental and Moral Science, and Military Tactics.
There is no charge for tuition. For catalogue address
W. L. BROWN,
President.
July 25-1m.

PATENTS
Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.
Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability. Free of Charge.
Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.
J. R. LITTELL,
Washington, D. C.
Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

Application for Decree to Sell Land.
STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.
In Probate Court, Special Term October 5th 1891.
This day came S. D. G. Brothers administrator of the estate of E. G. Lee deceased, and filed his application in writing and under oath, praying for an order and decree to sell certain lands in said application described for purpose of paying the debts of said estate, upon the grounds that the personal property thereof is insufficient therefor.
It is ordered that the 16th day of November 1891, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and determine the said application, and notice is hereby given to E. G. Lee, of Wauwatash, Ellis county, Texas, and all other persons interested to appear in this court on said 16th day of November 1891, and contest said application if they think proper.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
Judge of Probate.
oct10-3t

Attachment Notice.
Tredegar National Bank of Jacksonville Ala.,
vs.
Southern Ice & Cold Storage Company.
Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Alabama.
It appearing that the above entitled cause was instituted in this court by the issuance of an attachment against the estate of the Defendant, which said attachment was on the 16th day of October 1891, executed by the Sheriff of said county, by levying upon the following property of said Defendant to-wit: One lot fronting one hundred and ten feet on Park Avenue and running back east to track or right of way of the E. F. V. & G. R. R. said lot lying north of an extension of Tredegar street into Park Avenue together with all the improvements and fixtures on said lot and belonging to said Southern Ice and Cold Storage Company. That said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, whose place of residence is unknown. This is to notify the defendant of the issuance of said attachment and that said cause will stand for trial at the next term of the Circuit Court of said county, to be held on the 4th Monday in April 1892, at the place of holding the same. Witness this Oct. 24th 1891.
Jno. P. Weaver, Clerk.
S. D. G. Brothers, Plff's Atty.
oct24-3t

B. G. McCLELEN,
County - - - Surveyor
BANK OFFICE
ROLL TOP DESKS
AND STORE FIXTURES
THE TERRY MFG CO.
NASHVILLE, TENN.

J. C. FRANCIS,
Notary Public & Ex-Officio
Justice Peace.
COURT 1st and 3rd WEDNESDAYS
MARRIAGE LICENSE
FOR SALE
P. O. - - Cane Creek, Ala.
1a17-1f

FIRE INSURANCE.
I. L. SWAN, AGT.
Jacksonville Ala.
Two Good Home Companies to-wit
Georgia Home, Ga.
Central City, Ala.
mar1-30

E. M. REID, J. P.
MORRISVILLE, ALA.,
Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in each month.
JAS. HUTCHISON
HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,
(Shop at Old Land Company Office.)
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Notice to Creditors.
The undersigned were on the 22nd day of September 1891, duly appointed by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., executors of the last will and testament of Samuel C. Kelly deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.
AMIE E. KELLY,
WM. P. KELLY,
R. B. KELLY,
Executors.
sept26-3t

FINE SHOW CASES.
TERRY MFG CO., NASHVILLE, TENN.
22-Ask for catalogue.

EROS!
Of course you have heard of Eros!
BOOK STORE
IN ANNISTON,
but have you called at Eros' store? There are no cramped notions or stocks at Eros'. It's the store of liberal ideas in trading. It's the Book and Stationery Store in the full sense of the word, and of which any city would be proud of. New books all most as soon as the ink is dry. All the standard Periodicals and Weekly papers. School books and supplies which have to sell on their merit and low prices. Fine correspondence paper at lower prices than you pay for common stuff. If you can't come yourself a letter that tells nearly what you want will command the best attention and the goods will cost the same as if personally bought.

COMMERCIAL
AND
LAW STATIONERY,
Architect's and Engineer's materials. You can confidently call or write for anything in the above line. Whatever goods ought to be in a first class Book and Stationery store are here, and the prices are right.
Noble between 12 and 13 street,
Anniston, Ala.

I. L. Swan & Co.,
Real Estate Agents,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Buy and sell town lots, mineral lands, farm lands, stocks and bonds. Have now on hand a quantity of desirable real estate in and near the corporation line of the town, and four valuable ore plants, and half interest in the Landers' marble quarry. Prompt in giving information. Titles examined and prepared without any charge to those doing business with us. Write us, or call at office, Northwest corner of court house.

The Republican
NEW
OUTFIT.
JANUARY, 1891.

The capacity for the production of superior work by the addition of the latest improved machinery, newest faces of type and a mammoth stock of carefully selected paper, are unequalled in the South.

APPLE TREES.
W. U. Almon, of Eufaula, Alabama, will sell for the next fifteen days 1,000 apple trees, two years old, pretty and straight at \$8 per hundred. Ben Davis, Mann, Winesap, and other varieties. Also grape vines, choice and cheap. Will ship to any express office at once.
W. U. ALMON,
Hodges, Ala.
mar14-1f

"M. & H."
Writing Tablets
The handsomest, most economical, and best method of putting up writing papers for home and office use. Get them from your stationer, or send direct to the Manufacturers,
HASBROUCK & SINCLAIR,
536 and 538 Pearl St., N. Y.
N. B. A handsome tablet suitable for Police Correspondence mailed for Twenty-five Cents.

Columbus Daily Enquirer-Sun.
Recognized Leading Journal in Southwest Georgia and East Alabama.
Full associated press dispatches. Special correspondents at all the principal cities in the country. Full corps of Special Correspondents at all important towns in Georgia and Alabama.
All the latest, local and general news.
Editorials on current topics.
The Enquirer-Sun is thoroughly Democratic and is a staunch advocate of the agricultural interests of the country.
Issues—daily, Sunday and Weekly. Having extended circulation in the entire territory tributary to Columbus, both sides the Chattahoochee river, it is invaluable as an advertising medium.
Weekly only \$1 a year. Send for sample copies and premium list. Now is the time to subscribe. Address all communications to
B. H. RICHARDSON,
Columbus, Ga.

R. W. WHISENANT & CO.
Real Estate Brokers,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Dealers in
Stocks, Farm and Mineral Lands. City Property Bought and Sold on Commission.
Property Rented and Rents Collected. Refer by permission to Rowan, Dean & Co., Jacksonville, Ala., Gen. J. W. Burke, President Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Co., Comer & Trapp, Anniston, Ala.

Annual Settlement.
STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.
In Probate Court, October 14, Special Term, 1891.
Came this day James M. Dickie, Administrator of the estate of Jackson Dickie, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for annual settlement said estate, and the 10th day of November next, to-wit: the 10th day of November 1891, having been appointed by the Court for examining, auditing and stating the same, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the Term of the Court aforesaid, and contest the same, if they think proper.
Given under my hand, at office, the 14th day of October A. D. 1891.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
Judge of Probate.
oct17-3t

"Established 30 Years."
H. A. SMITH
ROME, - - - GEORGIA.
- - - 00:00 - - -

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Music Dealer.
JUST receiving a magnificent line of holiday goods; Combs and Brush sets, Work-boxes, Writing Desk, Toilet sets for Ladies and Gentlemen, Plush and Morocco Bound Photograph and Autograph Albums, Pocket-Sized Juvenile and Gift Books, Scrap Book, Bible, Prayer and Hymn Books, Pictures, Engravings, Vases, Brackets, Games, Dolls, Toys, Fancy Stationery in Plush Boxes and a great variety for Christmas, Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Pianos and Organs from different manufacturers, for Cash or installment plan, at low prices.
6000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER
and Borders, at greatly reduced prices. Samples sent on application.

Anniston Arms Co.,
No. 917 NOBLE STREET,

The Republican
Will sell as cheap as any house North, East, South or West.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, CARTRIDGES.

LAWN TENNIS, BASE BALL, Gymnasium Fishing Tackle,
And all kinds of
Sporting Goods.
Agents for
King's Great Western Powder Co.,
Parker Bros. Guns, L. C. Smith's Guns.
ANNISTON ARMS CO.
sept3-4d

APPLE TREES.
W. U. Almon, of Eufaula, Alabama, will sell for the next fifteen days 1,000 apple trees, two years old, pretty and straight at \$8 per hundred. Ben Davis, Mann, Winesap, and other varieties. Also grape vines, choice and cheap. Will ship to any express office at once.
W. U. ALMON,
Hodges, Ala.
mar14-1f

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARNOLD, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it needs no word of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep 'Castoria' within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTIN, D. D.,
New York City.
Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.
"Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Killa Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication."
"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D.,
"The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

JNO. Y. HENDERSON.
H. F. MONTGOMERY.
MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
OFFICE NO. 3, CARPENTER BUILDING,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
No charge for examining Titles and execution of Deeds. Refer by permission to Bank of Anniston, Anniston, Ala.

C. D. MARTIN
Contractor and Coal Dealer,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Contracts taken for grading streets, roads and railroads, sites for buildings &c. Coal delivered of best character at lowest possible price. Drayage of all kinds promptly attended to. Having large force of mules, wagons, drays, grading tools &c., am prepared to do all kinds of hauling and work in my line speedily and at satisfactory prices.
jan10-1f C. D. MARTIN.

For the Best Carriage, Buggy, or Wagon
FOR THE
LEAST MONEY.
WRITE OR SEE THE
Anniston Carriage Works.
Large stock of every style and grade. Agents for "Fish Bros." Farm Wagon. Don't buy until you see us, and to good parties time will be given. We also carry a large stock of Harness.
ANNISTON CARRIAGE WORKS,
Anniston, Ala., May 2-3m

JOHN RAMAGNANO,
AT HIS
OLD STAND,
Has in stock one of the finest assortment of Wines and Liquors to be found in the South.
Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn Whisky, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins and Cordials of the best European brands. Also
Domestic Wines and Brandies.
Whiskies and Wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also
Sacramental Wines.
Imported Bottled Beer and cool fresh Lager Beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cent cigars.

JOE A. MAGNUS & COMPANY,
Wholesale and Retail
Liquor Dealers.
[Corner Noble and Tenth Streets (under Opera house.)]
Anniston, Alabama.
We have the largest stock OLD WHISKIES, FINE BRANDIES and WINES ever brought to Alabama. We receive our goods direct from the producer, and sell as cheap as the same quality can be sold on earth. We solicit the patronage of those wishing

Pure & Unadulterated Goods
We give our personal guarantee with every article sold. Particular attention given mail orders. Everything kept in a first class establishment will be found at our store. Please call or write us.
Very Respectfully,
JOE A. MAGNUS & CO.
Corner Noble and Tenth Streets
ANNISTON ALA.
nov1-1y

STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers,
Jacksonville, - - - Alabama
Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.
No Sale-No Charge.
Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers,
Jacksonville, - - - Alabama
Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.
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Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

ARE YOU ONE OF US!
It seems almost like throwing the money away to pay tailors \$40.00 and \$50.00 for what you can get of us for \$25 or \$35. They rail and rant against ready made clothes—but it's the pricking of the consciousness of excellence. We've gone in to win the trade of a class of gentlemen who are particular—but who are ready to give merit its dues. Have a look at our line of fine SUITS and OVERCOATS. If you've looked the best-tailor's stock over you have seen the same grade of goods—with a third more at least, "tacked on" to the cost. The cheap tailors and the rest of the ready made clothiers haven't a suggestion of them even. Our's are in all the genteel effects. Effects that you don't find outside of a dozen mills if you look the world over for them. We put these fine fabrics right into OUR OWN TAILOR SHOPS and when they come out there's nothing choicer to be had. We are willing to stake our reputation on the perfection of the fit, the elegance and thoroughness of the finish and make. Try them on; It won't cost anything but time; and we are sure you'll give us the endorsement we deserve. We never go "off half cocked." When we make a claim we plant it in rich soil of facts, and it don't take long for it to bring forth fruit. Our efforts are telling on our trade. It's growing amazingly.

Such is our Success!
Respectfully Yours,
THE FAMOUS
ONE PRICE HOUSE
Noble and Tenth Streets,
Anniston, Ala.

WE HAVE
A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED
Stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats,
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.
In order to change our business we will sell cheaper than the cheapest.
Come and See Us
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The BEST Sewing Machine to Buy
IS THE
SINGER.
ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FAMILY USE.
Over 10,000,000 SINGER Machines have been manufactured and SOLD.
The SINGER has the only PERFECT ATTACHMENTS, more modern improvements, finer and more artistic cabinet work, is made of better material, and will last longer, do better satisfaction, than any other sewing machine in the
WORLD.

Sold on such LIBERAL and EASY terms that every family should have a SINGER Sewing Machine.
Directly represented everywhere.
FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN ON EVERY MACHINE.
Send for Illustrated Price List. Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines 15, 20 and 25 cents per dozen, postage extra. Parts and attachments for the Singer.
SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
Central Office, New Orleans, La.
C. T. SAWYER,
NO. 25 EAST 10th STREET, ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

Do You Want to Save Money?
We have the Stock, and can and will
PLEASE YOU IN PRICES AND QUALITY OF GOODS.
We have the largest stock in this city of Men's and Boy's fine Suits Overcoats, Woolen Underwear, Hats, Shoes, Ties, Searfs, White Shirts, Flannel Shirts, also Ladies' and Misses' Wraps, Children's Cloaks, fine Dress Goods, Ladies' Woolen Underwear, Hosiery and Corsets. Also a fine line of
Carpets, Rugs, Trunks, Valises.
Our experience of 20 years in Talladega, Anniston and Gadsden has taught us to know what the people want the people really want. Buying, as we do, for four stores, in large quantities, we buy for less and will give our customers the benefit. Our Motto is,
QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS
All we ask is an inspection. Competent and polite Salesmen will take pleasure in showing you our immense lines. We can, and will save you money. All we ask is a trial.
ULLMAN BROTHERS, ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1891.

GIVE THE FARMERS A CHANCE.

Many of the farmers tell us that they have made enough cotton this year to pay the debts contracted this year, and something more than the usual supply of corn and meat, and that if it were not for remnants of old past debts of former years, they could get along well enough the coming year without advances and be able to do what they have long wished to do in decreasing their acreage in cotton and increasing their production of foodstuffs. Most of the merchants are going out of the advancing business from want of confidence and poor collections, and next year promises to be a hard one both upon the merchants and the farmers who have heretofore depended upon them for supplies. But whether goods be sold for cash or credit, the prosperity of the merchant largely depends upon the prosperity of the farmer. There would be no complaint of the scarcity of money and consequent hard times if our farmers could once get out of debt and be enabled to pay cash for supplies. It will be therefore to the interest of the merchants as to the interest of all other classes to come to the help of the farmer and enable him to get his head above water. It will be bad policy to crowd the farmer to the wall by selling him out lock, stock and barrel for debt. This will cripple him for the coming year. Where the merchants can do so without bankrupting themselves, if they cannot advance further, they should agree to wait on the farmers for these old past debts until they have made another crop. If the farmers can get through the coming year without mortgaging that year's crop, they will find themselves next fall with no debts to pay of that year's contracting and will thus be able to distinguish part or all of old past indebtedness. Thus in time, by mutual forbearance and good will all around, the farmers can work out their own financial salvation, and the result will be an era of prosperity such as this country has not seen since the war. It is folly to talk of relief by means of the sub-treasury bill and kindred measures of legislation. Before these could possibly become laws, even under the most favorable conditions, the farmers would be forced into hopeless bankruptcy if the merchants should insist on a clean collection of all past liabilities. The farmer should understand that the agitation of schemes of legislation by which the country is to be flooded with an irredeemable currency and consequently a cheap currency tends rather to make the creditor press for payment while the money is good and to aggravate rather than help the situation. The merchants should understand that these wild schemes of inflation will come to nothing and that if prosperity ever comes to this country again it will be through the thrift and industry of its own people. A man can't farm, if his stock and wagons and farm implements are sold out from under his hand. Why not carry the farmers over by not pressing these things to sale and thus give them a chance to redeem both themselves and the merchants from what is now a most perilous situation. We commend this subject to thoughtful merchants throughout the State.

The protracted struggle for Speaker of the House, in Congress, ended Monday by the nomination of Crisp, of Georgia, for Speaker. He was the man who so severely denounced Tom Reed for usurpation pending the passage of the Force bill in the House. Mills, of Texas, was next to Crisp in point of strength, and it is a contest between the two was close and exciting. All the Alabama delegation voted for Crisp.

The National Convention of the Anti-Subsidiary Alliance, called to meet in Memphis the 15th of this month, has been postponed until the February conference of Alliance men and other organizations. If that conference decides on independent political action, the anti-subsidiarities will proceed to form a separate national organization.

Judge Lapsley, of Anniston, is prominently mentioned at Washington for Inter-State Railroad Commissioner to succeed Commissioner Bragg deceased. Judge Lapsley is eminently qualified for the position and his appointment would give great satisfaction to Alabama.

The County Medical Society met at Jacksonville Tuesday and had a very interesting session. We are always glad to see the genial and whole-souled doctors in our midst. They are a noble set of men, whom a suffering world should honor and love.

Hon. Jno. W. Bishop, of Talladega, has formally declined, through his home paper, to make the race for Congress. He is well known throughout the District and would have been a strong and popular candidate.

Politics are red hot in Jefferson county. The primary election comes off there the 21st of this month. Several personal difficulties have already occurred in Birmingham, growing out of politics.

Senator Cull, of Florida, has been sworn in as a member of the U. S. Senate, notwithstanding the effort of the Governor of Florida to appoint him with an appointee of his own.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

White Man Supremacy in the Empire State of the South.

The Atlanta Journal interviewed ex-Senator Ellington when he passed through its city on his way back from Indianapolis, where he had been at work for the third party. Mr. Ellington did not have a great deal to say but that little was interesting.

His first statement was that the third party was already fully organized in Georgia, and that it is already strong enough to sweep the State. This is a surprising statement to make in regard to a party which has never yet cast a vote in the state, and if Mr. Ellington had stated plainly his reasons for making it, his remarks would have been even more interesting.

Possibly, however, he thought a hint as to the sources of the third party's strength would be sufficient, and he gave this hint. "Of course we rely upon the negroes to some extent," he said, "for they will go with us, as they always do for independent candidates." Really this hint is all that is necessary. Mr. Ellington has been studying the census returns, perhaps, and discovered that there are nearly as many negroes as whites in Georgia. Confident that the 'negroes will go with us,' as they always do for the enemies of the Democratic party, it seems easy to get together enough white men to turn the balance in their favor. We venture to remind Mr. Ellington that following the war, made the same calculation and had the same confidence in its results that he has now, but were forced to confess after awhile that there was a serious error somewhere. He should remember too that the men who then tried to use the negroes to gain for themselves political power are not regarded exactly as patriots by the good people of Georgia. Perhaps even he himself has felt and expressed a great contempt for them, since they sank into the obscurity which they deserved.

Accepting Mr. Ellington's hint as pointing out the true condition of affairs in the third party in Georgia we understand it is Col. Post—of Michigan, we believe—who is now intrusted with the organizing of the negroes to defeat the Democratic party, instead of Col. Buck of Maine, who for some years has had charge of the work. Col. Buck has met with small success, and deserves to be superseded, or if not superseded he must be given assistance if he is to accomplish anything.

When the people of Georgia understand that the party which is to reform the government and make everybody happy by ushering in an era of political purity proposes to do so by getting control of the negro vote and using it to overthrow white control of the South, we do not think they will rally with such enthusiasm to the support of Mr. Ellington's ticket that will sweep the state. It is much more probable that they will be so indignant as to roll up the old-fashioned 80,000 majority for the Democratic ticket.—Macon Telegraph.

WILL RUN FOR CONGRESS.

Hon. Cecil Browne Formally Announces Himself a Candidate.

SELMA, Dec. 3.—A party from Talladega, consisting of Hon. Cecil Browne, T. C. Plowman, J. A. Huey, Alex Garber, Capt. J. H. Donahoo and George E. Brewer came down to Selma last night to find out whether or not Hon. L. W. Grant of Calhoun county was in the race for congress and whether or not Dallas county was committed to him. Tonight after looking over the prospects in Dallas, for which purpose a delegation of seven sons of Talladega county came here last night, Hon. Cecil Browne has formally announced himself as a candidate for Congress from the Fourth District. Dallas county will be made the battle ground as the impression prevails among many that we will have no candidate. The future hath not unraveled her scroll and coming events do not cast their shadows before.

As Near as It Could Get.

The Living Truth published at Georgiana and devoted to the promulgation of third or independent party ideas, has this to say of the action of the National Alliance at Indianapolis:

The National Alliance has just closed its third session at Indianapolis. It reaffirmed the Ocala platform with emphasis; it turned the anti-subsidiary crowd out in the cold, and told it to do its worst. It re-elected Polk President, with Macune and all the other third party advocates to their old places. It instructed Alliance members of congress, not to vote for any man for speaker, who would not pledge himself to support the Ocala demands. If anybody was expecting them to "modify" their former platform of principles, they will be disappointed. They went as far as they could towards foreshadowing independent third party action next year.

Get rid of rats: Catch one in an ordinary trap and smear it with soft pine tar all over except the head. Then turn it loose where caught. I assure you it will not be troubled with rats any more. I tried it last fall and in three days after there was no rats to be seen, nor has any been seen since.—Practical farmer.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The McDuffie County (Ga.) Alliance has passed resolutions endorsing the People's party. This is the first fruit of the open declarations of Congressman Watson and Senator Ellington.

An interesting little war story has Gov. Jones, of Alabama, for its hero. At the time Gordon was resisting Sherman's advance Jones, then a staff captain, was delivering a message from his chief, when he saw a little child, clad only in night clothes, hiding in terror behind a frame-house in direct track of the bullets from each army. Jones rode forward, took the child on his horse and galloped back with her to the confederate line. When the Union forces saw the act they ceased firing, and there was an impromptu cessation of hostilities until the child had been carried to a point of safety.

Texas Blue Grass.

The following regarding the famous Texas Blue Grass, is from the pen of a practical Texas farmer:

"If this grass does not save our country I don't know what will. It will grow in any latitude, judging from the way it has stood heat, cold and drought here. It is easily propagated from sets or from the first fall rains in September until the last of May. It is more of a winter than a summer grass. It roots four or five times as deep as the Kentucky Blue Grass, which enables it to withstand the longest drought and severest cold. I have never seen it wilt after everything else was in a dying condition, and after forty years of hard trying this is the first grass we have ever had that we would recommend as a winter grass that would not die out in summer. All kinds of stock are very fond of it. It grows well under shade. It grows from over thirty inches to four feet high. We have measured blades three feet and eight inches long. It stands the hoof well, is fine for lawns, front yards, cemeteries, etc. It is a perennial, and once established lasts indefinitely, but can be gotten rid of by plowing it up as easy as Kentucky Blue Grass.

The seed should be planted as you would Kentucky Blue Grass, and at any time in the fall or spring that would be the proper time for sowing the Texas Blue Grass seed. From early fall until the first of May will do to plant the sets. The grass does well on all kinds of soil, from the deepest sandy to the stiffest prairie and any land of fertility enough to produce fine crops of Orchard Grass, Clover, or Kentucky Blue Grass, will produce fine crops of Texas Blue Grass.

The Texas Blue Grass is in all respects like the Kentucky Blue Grass, only better in every way, as the Kentucky grass requires a limestone formation, while the Texas grass does finely on any kind of ground, is a much larger, bolder grass, will from seed, come into grazing in half the time, and is as earlier grass by two or three weeks.

While both the seeds and sets will do well to plant until late in the spring still, I am much in favor of planting both early in the fall. It has then fully six months to grow spread and get ahead of all other native vegetation.

The Superintendent of the Census in an address before the Commercial Club of St. Louis recently, stated that at the close of the year 1890 the Southern States were employing in their cotton mills nearly as many hands as Massachusetts did in 1870. "In the ten years," which the census report covers, "they have more than doubled the number of persons employed and the value of their product, and have nearly trebled the amount of cotton consumed and the number of their spindles. The increase in the amount of cotton consumed has been greater in the Southern States than in England. In 1890 the South had 239 mills, in which were employed 39,333 persons, and 506,212 bales of cotton were consumed. The value of the product was \$40,543,049."

This is most gratifying and shows very conclusively that the South is beginning to manufacture the staple, and that ere long the mills will all come to the cotton fields.—Montgomery Advertiser.

To Talk of Cotton.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 4.—Hector D. Lane, Commissioner of Agriculture, for Alabama, was in the city today. The object of his visit was to confer with Dr. D. G. Godwin, Commissioner of Agriculture for Tennessee, relative to a convention representing Commissioners of all the Cotton Belt States proposed for the near future.

The purpose of this meeting will be, to discuss the situation regarding cotton, to take some steps looking to a reduction in acreage of the staple, and to decide what is best as a substitute for it. Mr. Lane says he has received encouraging letters from several State Commissioners, and that the convention will probably be held the first of the year.

The Alabama delegation stood by Judge Crisp to the end. He is their next door neighbor, and it is perfectly natural that they should vote for him. In the distribution of the honors it is likely they will come in for a pretty fair share.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Conference Appointments.

DECATUR, Dec. 7.—The North Alabama conference appointments were as follows:

Huntsville district.—F. T. J. Brandon, presiding elder; Huntsville station, J. D. Simpson; Huntsville City mission, F. W. Brandon; Madison station, J. W. Worsnop; Triana station, Robert I. Watson; Meridian station, R. A. Thompson; Hazel-green circuit, C. L. Herring; New Market station, J. D. Ellis; Maysville and Cameron station, J. C. Persinger; Gurley circuit, W. K. Simpson; Vienna circuit, E. B. Norton; Paint Rock circuit, D. Y. Dye; Larkinsville circuit, M. R. Johnson; Scottsboro and Stevenson station, W. W. Dorman; Bridgeport station, J. H. Leslie; Fabius circuit, W. L. Rice; Stevenson circuit, D. W. Ward; Huntsville Female college, A. B. Jones, D. D.

Gadsden district.—W. E. Maybrey, presiding elder; Gadsden station, T. W. Armstrong; McTyrer memorial, E. H. McWhorter; Gadsden circuit, J. T. Millican; Attalla station, David Leith; Attalla circuit, to be supplied; Collinsville circuit, C. O. Neil; Fort Payne station, S. L. Dobbis; Valley Head circuit, C. M. Rice; DeKalb mission, H. P. Berry; Lookout Mountain mission, J. M. Igo; Spring Creek circuit, to be supplied; Cedar Bluff circuit, S. R. Lester; Center circuit, R. A. Speer; Hokes Bluff circuit, Rufus Nicholson; Springville station, J. W. Aiken; Bear Mountain mission, to be supplied; Ashville circuit, G. E. Driscoll.

Guntersville district.—M. E. Butt, presiding elder; Guntersville station, J. I. Williams; Warrenton mission, B. H. O. Cochran; Summit circuit, to be supplied; Blountsville and Oak Grove station, J. W. Norton; Cleveland circuit, Joshua Warren; Murphree Valley circuit, R. J. Wilson; Mount Pinson, I. B. Sargent; Morris circuit, to be supplied; Warrior and Blount Springs, I. C. Melton; Arkadelphia circuit, to be supplied; Walnut Grove circuit, H. T. Strout; Albertsville circuit, J. T. Black; South Hill circuit, J. H. Braswell; Langston circuit, W. B. Bayless; Deposit circuit, to be supplied.

Anniston district.—T. G. Slaughter, presiding elder; Anniston First church, J. W. Newman; Glenn Addie and Oxanna, Thomas W. Ragun; Chulafnee mission, J. H. Jennings; Olatchee circuit, R. B. Baird; Alexandria circuit, W. C. Horton; West Anniston circuit, W. F. Andrews; Corning mission, to be supplied; Oxford station, F. P. Culver; Heflin circuit, to be supplied; Graham circuit, to be supplied; Jacksonville and White Plains, F. A. Rogers; Piedmont circuit, J. T. Wilkins; Spring Garden circuit, Frank Gardner.

LaFayette district.—L. A. Darsey, presiding elder; LaFayette station, J. F. Sturdevant; Oak Bowers circuit, H. S. Hamilton; Fredonia circuit, G. G. Smith; Chapel Hill circuit, W. F. Barnes; Roanoke circuit, D. L. Parish; Dadeville and Alexander City, J. H. McCoy; Davidson circuit, W. F. Herndon; Campbell circuit, W. W. Turner; Alexander City circuit, J. D. Lochart; Pinkneyville circuit, H. S. Matthews; Goodwater circuit, J. W. Tucker; Coosa mission, to be supplied; Rockford circuit, L. A. Holmes; Linville circuit, C. L. Dobbis; Mellow Valley mission, to be supplied; Wedowee circuit, to be supplied.

Talladega district.—J. T. Morris, presiding elder; Talladega station, W. T. Andrews; Munford circuit, T. A. Kerr; Talladega circuit, J. W. Spencer; Planterville circuit, W. B. Andrews; Coosa valley circuit, W. M. Howell; Leeds mission, W. E. Foust; Harpersville circuit, T. P. Roberts; Mount mission, to be supplied; Pelham circuit, C. E. McGibbony; Calera and Helena, C. A. Dowling; Montevallo circuit, J. L. Ferguson; Fayetteville circuit, F. K. Hewlett; Chandler's Spring mission, to be supplied; agent Alabama Methodist orphanage, S. P. West.

Birmingham district.—Anson West, presiding elder; Birmingham First church, J. C. Morris; St. Johns, J. B. Gregory; Trinity, E. M. Glenn; Wesley Chapel, C. M. Hensley; St. Paul, D. V. Blythe; East Lake, H. C. Howard; Birmingham circuit, G. W. Reed; North Birmingham circuit, W. E. H. Mabey; Bessemer, J. S. Robertson; Jonesboro circuit, T. B. McCain; Pratt Mills station, A. S. Whitehurst; Elyton station, R. R. Emerson; Avondale station, W. R. Kirk; Woodlawn station, J. S. Glasgow; Cokeron circuit, W. C. Driskell; Chaplin Station convicts, Evan Nicholson; Superintendent of the American Bible society, Z. A. Parker; Synnyside, T. K. Tierce; Wylam, J. T. Miller; Colporteur, M. R. Wells.

Tuscaloosa district.—R. A. Timmons, presiding elder; Tuscaloosa station, S. M. Hosmer; Northport station, W. F. Sanford; Northport circuit, E. H. Price; Gordo circuit, G. W. Hamilton; Carleton circuit, R. W. Anderson; Millport circuit, R. S. Hallett; Kennedy circuit, W. J. Reid; Berry circuit, E. D. Emerson; Marcumville circuit, to be supplied; Tuscaloosa circuit, T. O. Jones; Cottonside and Woodstock station, S. Gay; Blocton station, J. J. Crow; Brookswood mission, R. M. Archibald.

Jasper district.—P. K. Brindley, presiding elder; Jasper and Cordova station, J. W. Shoemaker; Fayette circuit, J. L. Williams; Luxapallula circuit, to be supplied; Fernalb circuit, A. J. Chappell; Vernon circuit, H. B. Ralls; Detroit circuit, G. A. White; Hamilton circuit, W. A. Montgomery; Beaverton mission, to be supplied; Elridge mission, to be supplied; Patis mission, to be supplied; Godfrey mission, to be supplied; Caribon Hill, D. W. Baully.

Florence district.—J. A. Heard, presiding elder; Florence station,

G. L. Johnson; Cole Avenue mission, G. L. Crow; Oakland circuit, A. J. Maddox; Waterloo circuit, J. W. Casey; Cypress circuit, W. B. Wilson; Lexington circuit, to be supplied; Center station, E. P. Craddock; Sheffield, G. H. Smith; Tusculum station, G. L. Jenkins; Leighton circuit, to be supplied; Russ'ville station, M. N. Morris; Belgreen circuit, S. F. Matthews; Pleasant Side circuit, B. S. Davis; Cobbett circuit, to be supplied; Cherokee station, W. M. McIntosh.

Decatur district.—V. O. Hawkins, presiding elder; Decatur first church, L. C. Brancomb; East Decatur mission, R. W. Coons; Athens station, B. D. Davis; Limestone circuit, R. T. Bentley; Trinity station, E. A. Fulmer; Hillsboro and Mufson station, G. A. Boyd; Courtland station, C. Taylor; Town Creek circuit, M. L. Whitten; Chapel Hill circuit, J. P. Allison; Larkensville mission, M. R. Smith; Unionhill et, to be supplied; Hartwell circuit, W. P. Pattillo; Danville circuit, T. W. Hays; Somerville circuit, E. W. Jones; Falkesville circuit, D. A. Burns; Cullman station, D. S. McDonald; Athens female college, M. G. Williams, president.

Transferred: H. L. Green to North Georgia conference, T. W. Hardin to Memphis, C. B. Riddick to Louisville conference, J. E. McCann to Alabama conference, G. W. Briggs to Texas conference, A. L. Andrews to Alabama conference, T. R. McCarty to North Georgia conference.

Boston Globe: The following table indicates the amount of the three most important elements of fertility which the crops named draw, on an average, from the soil on which they grow, per cent. or pounds per 100 weight being given:

	Nitrogen	Phosphoric	Potash.
Wheat	2.00	0.50	0.25
Barley	1.25	0.35	0.20
Oats	1.00	0.30	0.20
Corn	1.50	0.60	0.30
Beans	1.00	0.40	0.20
Potatoes	0.33	0.25	0.10
Clover	0.20	0.10	0.05
Timothy	1.00	0.30	0.20
Wheat straw	0.51	0.09	0.17
Oat straw	0.45	0.10	0.15
Corn straw	0.50	0.10	0.20
Bean straw	0.65	0.12	0.25

As many farms have been for generations cropped without a return to the soil for the ingredients drawn from it to produce the crops, it is not at all difficult to account for run-down and abandoned ones. They are like a bank account when the drafts on it have exceeded the deposits until the original deposit, made by nature as an inheritance, has been exhausted. Make the account good with the soil, and it will not fail to honor the drafts made upon it.

Investigate their merits. De Witt's Little Early Risers don't gripe, cause nausea or pain, which accounts for their popularity. Dr. J. M. Crook, says he would not run a drug store without these little pills.

Capt. J. D. Brandon Dead.

HUNTSVILLE, Dec. 6.—Capt. John D. Brandon died today at 10 o'clock of Bright's disease, aged 54. He served through the late war, was a prominent lawyer and lived a pure life. He was a member of the Methodist church, also of the Masonic, Knights of Pythias and Knights of Honor orders. He leaves one child—a daughter. He was well-known throughout the state and was a native of Huntsville.

People with impure blood may be said to exist, not live. Life is robbed of half its joys when the blood is loaded with impurities and disease. Correct this condition with De Witt's Sarsaparilla, it is reliable. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

De Witt's Sarsaparilla cleanses the blood, increases the appetite and tones up the system. It has benefited many people who have suffered from blood disorders. It will help you. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found cutting or removing timber or otherwise damaging or trespassing on the property of the J. M. & M. Co., will be dealt with to full extent of the law. J. W. BURKE, Pres.

De Witt's Sarsaparilla destroys such poisons as scrofula, skin disease, eczema, rheumatism. Its timely use saves many lives. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

The best known proofreader in the United States, according to the Chicago News, receives \$10 an hour for his services and pays a heavy fine for every typographical error that creeps into his books.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY, }

C. D. Martin vs. W. H. Rowe. Before me J. D. Arnold a Justice of the Peace for said county. I have read to the parties the contents of the Peace Decree No. 1891, and the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, and it appearing that certain property of the said Defendant has been levied upon by notice of an attachment issued from my office returnable the 21st day of Dec. 1891, and that Defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is therefore ordered that notice of said attachment and the return day thereof be given to the said W. H. Rowe by publication, once a week for three successive weeks before said 21st day of December 1891 in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county and a copy thereof be mailed to the said Defendant at his place of residence when known.

Given under my hand this 1st December 1891.

J. D. ARNOLD,
Justice Peace.

"Bridges should always be painted red and never white," says an engineer. "Why? Well, because if they are white, they look more frail than they really are, and nervous people may hesitate to cross them. But if they are painted a dull red, they look heavy and safe."

Register's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the Ninth District of the North-western Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, composed of the county of Calhoun, at the October term, 1891, in the case of S. D. G. Brothers as administrator de bonis non of W. R. Hanna, deceased, vs. Roda Poland, A. G. Hanna, W. V. Hanna, J. V. Hanna, et al. I will, as Register and Master in said court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of said county, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, 1892, the following real estate to-wit: the middle division of the south half of Section 27, (except the Riddle dower), all in Township 15, Range 9, Calhoun county, Alabama, as the property of A. T. Hanna.

Also at the same time and place, and under like terms, by virtue of another decree of said court in said cause, rendered at said term of said court, I will sell the following real estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 26, and the NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 25, all in Township 15, Range 9, Calhoun county, Alabama, as the property of Roda Poland.

Said several tracts of land will be sold to satisfy said several decrees of said court in favor of said complainant as administrator, etc.

WM. M. HAMMES,
Register, etc.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 27th day of November 1891, against Theo. Hoffman and in favor of A. L. Stewart & Brother, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, to the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: D. E. Blair's interest in lots 29 and 30 in block 20, lot 14 in block 7, lot 15 in block 18, lot 31 in block 2 and lots 1 and 2 in block 36, all lying and being in the town of Piedmont, Ala., as the property of D. E. Blair to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 1st day of November 1891, against Frank Savage and in favor of Piedmont Lumber Company, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 14th day of December 1891, to the highest bidder for cash, before the Shoe Factory building in Piedmont, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned property to-wit: All of the improvements belonging to the Shoe factory in Piedmont, Ala., more particularly described in the order of sale, as the property of Geo. H. Kingsman to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 1st day of December 1891, against Lumber Co., vs. Pink Sharp, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, at public outcry before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville to the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 2 in block 98, as per map of the Piedmont Land & Improvement Co., being in Calhoun county, Ala., condemned as the property of Frank Savage to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 17th day of November 1891, Sullivan, West & Co., vs. Ward Poland & Co., I will proceed to sell on Monday the 14th day of December 1891, to the highest bidder for cash at or on the premises of Milo Poland near Josie Springs in Choctawhatchee Valley during the legal hours of sale the following described property to-wit: One bay mare mule, three spotted mule cows, one two horse wagon, one hundred bushels corn, more or less, three yearlings, as the property of M. P. Poland to satisfy said writ.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 30th of November 1891, Piedmont Lumber Co., vs. Powell Stewart, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry, on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 8 in block 99 in the city of Piedmont, Calhoun county, Alabama, together with the improvements thereon as the property of Powell Stewart to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, on the 30th day of November 1891, J. H. Gambrell vs. Dave Wurzburg, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville within the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 9 block No. 5, at corner of 5th street and Leighton avenue in Anniston, Ala., as the property of Dave Wurzburg to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 30th day of November 1891, against Frank Savage and in favor of Piedmont Lumber Company, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, to the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 2 in block 99 as per map of the Piedmont Land & Improvement Co., being in Calhoun county, Ala., condemned as the property of Frank Savage to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

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L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 30th day of November 1891, against Theo. Hoffman and in favor of A. L. Stewart & Brother, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, to the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 2 in block 99 as per map of the Piedmont Land & Improvement Co., being in Calhoun county, Ala., condemned as the property of Frank Savage to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 1st day of December 1891, against Frank Savage and in favor of Piedmont Lumber Company, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, to the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 2 in block 99 as per map of the Piedmont Land & Improvement Co., being in Calhoun county, Ala., condemned as the property of Frank Savage to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER,
Sheriff.

Annual Settlement.

Richardson-Taylor Medicine
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Administrator's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, rendered on the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1891, I, as administrator of Nathaniel Cobb, deceased, will sell the following described lands of said estate, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, upon the premises, to-wit: The NW 1/4 less ten acres off of the south side in section thirty-four, township fifteen (15) and range nine (9) east, on Choctawhatchee Creek, in Calhoun County, Ala. Said lands will be sold in four lots, which will be shown by survey and plat, exhibited at the time of the sale. Term of sale, one-third cash, balance on credit of one and two years, in two equal payments, with interest from date. Two sufficient securities will be required on notes.

Administratrix Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, rendered on the 20th day of June, 1891, I, as Administratrix of the estate of J. W. Hamilton, deceased will sell the following described land of said estate, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, upon the premises, to-wit: The SE quarter of the S. E. quarter of Section Eight (8) and S W quarter of S W quarter and N E quarter of S W quarter and a part of the quarter of S W quarter of Section Nine (9) all in Township Fifteen (15) Range Six (6) East, also sixty acres more or less in the N W quarter of Section Four (4) Township fifteen (15) Range Six (6) East in Calhoun County, Alabama. Said lands will be sold either in a body or in separate tracts as may seem to the best interest of the Estate. Term of sale, one-third cash, balance on credit of one and two years, in two equal payments, with interest from date. Two sufficient securities will be required on notes.

Nov 21-31.

Tax Collector's Appointments.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of collecting the State and County tax of Calhoun County, Ala., for the year 1891. All tax is delinquent after the last day of December, 1891. I earnestly request every one to pay taxes by that time and avoid the penalty fixed by law. After the first of January I will proceed as usual in law. It is requested that all the time allowed by law for me to close up accounts with the State and County, and it is absolutely necessary for me to enforce collections within that limit.

I will be in Jacksonville the last ten days in December for the purpose of collecting State and County Tax from all parts of the County.

SECOND ROUND.

- Beat 1, Jacksonville, Tuesday November 3.
- Beat 3 Four Mile Spring, Wednesday November 4.
- Beat 8 Green's School House, Thursday, November 5.
- Beat 8 Knight's Mill, Friday, November 6.
- Beat 12 Iron City, Wednesday, November 11.
- Beat 12 Choctawhatchee, Thursday, November 12.
- Beat 17 DeArmanville, Friday, November 13.
- Beat 1 Tampa, Monday, October 13.
- Beat 7 Hollingsworths, Tuesday November 17.
- Beat 6 Duke's Station, Wednesday, November 18.
- Beat 6 Peaks Hill, Thursday, November 19.
- Beat 18 Ochatie, Friday, November 20.
- Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Saturday, November 21.
- Beat 4 Bynums, Monday, November 23.
- Beat 4 Gannaway's, Tuesday, November 24.
- Beat 5 Folkville, Wednesday, November 25.
- Beat 2 Alexandria, Thursday and Friday, November 26 and 27.
- Beat 3 Weaver's Station, Saturday, November 28.
- Beat 9 Piedmont, Wednesday and Thursday, December 2 and 3.
- Beat 16 Beat Voting Place, Friday December 4.
- Beat 16 Ladira, Saturday, December 5.
- Beat 13 Oxford, Monday and Tuesday, December 7 and 8.
- Beat 13 Oxanna, Wednesday, December 9.
- Beat 15 Anniston, Thursday Friday and Saturday, December 10, 11 and 12.

D. Z. GOODLETT, Tax Collector.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

A & M COLLEGE.

AUBURN, ALA.

The Session begins September 10th. The courses of study include the Physical, Chemical and Natural Sciences with their applications; Agriculture, Biology, Mechanics, Mathematics, Engineering (Civil, Mechanical and Electrical), Drawing, English, French, German, and Latin Languages, History, Political Economy, Mental and Moral Science, and Military Tactics.

There is no charge for tuition. For catalogue address

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Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge.

Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.

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I have \$63,000 to lend on farm lands interest and expenses will be about 10% per cent annually.

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MORRISVILLE, ALA.,

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Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays

in each month.

JAS. HUTCHISON

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,

(Shop at Old Land Company Office.)

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned were on the 22nd day of September 1891, duly appointed by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., executors of the last will and testament of Samuel C. Kelly deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

AMIE E. KELLY, WM. P. KELLY, R. B. KELLY, Executors.

sep26-3t

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The Republican

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JANUARY, 1891.

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J. W. Burke, President Jacksonville

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Trapp, Anniston, Ala.

B. G. MCLELEN,

County - - - Surveyor

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale granted

by the Probate Court of Calhoun

County, State of Alabama, the under-

signed administrator of the estate of

E. G. Lee, deceased, will sell at public

outcry, on the premises, to the highest

bidder for one half cash, and the

balance on twelve months time, on

note with two good and sufficient

sureties, bearing interest from date,

on Saturday the 5th day of December

1891, the following described lands

to-wit: Said estate to-wit: N E 1/4

sec 21-3t

"Established 30 Years."

H. A. SMITH

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LAWN TENNIS, BASE BALL,

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Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Ware-

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Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbon, finest high

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Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins and Cordials of the best

European brands. Also</

The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1891.

We call the attention of our readers to the resolutions of Jones Alliance, published in this issue. It will be seen that the members of Jones Alliance, after having put the assertion on record that the Democratic party is no better than the Republican party, have formally bidden goodbye to Democracy and gone into the new or third party, called the People's party. This is the logical result of adhesion to the three objectionable planks of the Ocala platform and the teachings of men who have been paid by Democrats within the Alliance, to go through the country and lecture. The Republican has seen all along that the sub-treasury bill and kindred measures, if insisted on, would lead Alliancemen outside the Democratic party. Being Democratic and knowing that the best interests of the Southern people are wrapped up in the preservation of the Democratic party, this paper has sought to show the dangerous tendency of these demands and to wean Alliancemen from them, and for this it has been accused by some of the thoughtless of fighting the Alliance, when in fact it has been really fighting for the preservation of both the Democratic party and the Alliance in the country. Everybody will admit that it will destroy the Alliance if an attempt be made to carry its membership outside the Democratic party. From the action of Jones Alliance it can be readily seen that stubborn adhesion to the Ocala demands inevitably leads men into the People's party, which has made these demands its platform. Therefore when the REPUBLICAN has advised Alliancemen to abandon these demands, it has been friendly advice, in the line of their interest both as Democrats and Alliancemen. Faithful are the wounds of a friend. It is often a thankless task to point out to people their faults or mistakes but it takes a friend to do it. In time the people who have boycotted Democratic newspapers for antagonizing these demands will acknowledge it was the most friendly service that could have been rendered the Alliance.

The Democratic press has been friendly to the Alliance in its original purposes. When it saw the great order turned to political uses and matter injected into its platform of principles dangerous to the supremacy of the Democratic party in the South and calculated to perpetuate Radical rule by a division of the white people of the South, it raised the warning voice. As faithful sentinels on the watchtowers of the party the Democratic press could have done no less. The editors were aware that they would be misunderstood and misjudged by the thoughtless and the ardent and that a loss of business would follow, but they trusted to the good sense and sober second thought of the people and did their duty by them. The people are rapidly coming to see that the Democratic press were right, and in good time they will accord to the Democratic editors of Alabama honesty of purpose and correct judgment. Jones Alliance has acted hastily and ill-advisedly and in time its members will regret their action. They are going to be mighty lonesome in Calhoun, for the great body of the farmers inside and outside of the Alliance are going to stand by their own Democratic party.

The bulk of the Democratic party in Calhoun is made up of the honest farmers of the county. How do they relish being told by Jones Alliance that they are no better than Radicals? An indictment of a party is an indictment of the men who do the voting in it and shape its policy as well as of the men whom those voters elected to place.

Members of Jones Alliance have doubtless been denying all along that there was any politics in the Alliance, and yet in their recent resolutions, as Alliancemen, they have taken a most pronounced political action—no less than transferring the entire membership outside one political party into another.

The registration for the primary election in Jefferson the 21st of this month, closed in Birmingham Saturday last, with a registration of four thousand, five hundred in the city. The outlying towns and country beats will show a larger registration probably than this and it looks as if Jefferson will cast between eight and ten thousand democratic votes.

The proprietors of the Piedmont Inquirer will soon issue a magazine. We shall review it on appearance of first number. It is to be only 50c a year and everybody in Calhoun should take it.

According to the Birmingham Age-Herald, there is a young German named Wayne, now visiting Birmingham, who labors under a singular affliction. A physician gave him by mistake a dose of carbolic acid, which burnt out the salivary gland, making him throat useless for all the purposes of living. To save the man's life an incision was made in the left side of his stomach, and a long, curved silver tube, with a funnel attachment, was inserted. Through this tube the young man now receives all his food and drink. The mouth of the tube is concealed ordinarily by the man's coat. He lives on liquid food.

HERE WE COME—READ US!

Third Party in Calhoun.

A late issue of the Alliance Herald publishes the following resolutions from Jones Alliance No. 1008. We are informed by Alliancemen that Jones Alliance is in Calhoun county near Oxford.

RESOLUTIONS BY JONES PRIMARY ALLIANCE NO. 1008.

Resolved, That we believe in the principles of equal rights as advocated by our forefathers, and in view of the fact that the financial and robber policy of this government as fostered by the leaders of the democratic and republican parties has already precipitated the people upon the very verge of poverty and ruin, and must, if longer persisted in, place them in a helpless and hopeless condition of absolute slavery. And in view of the fact that reformation never comes through the channels that made them necessary, and being forcibly impressed with the truth, that a reformation in the administrative and taxing policy of this government must come, or what little is left of the peoples liberties must go, and our republican institutions soon be a thing of the past. And as no other evidence is necessary to convince us that the democratic party is unduly under the influence of block-bond-holders than the fact that it has for years seen the pressure upon the people and offered no relief but when the people by sheer necessity were themselves forced to offer measures of relief, the democratic party jumped upon them with both feet and condemned them with a will and determination equal only by the republican party, showing conclusively, that in its relation to the people, the democratic party is but a twin sister to the republican party. And satisfied of the fact, that in their struggle for reform, the people will have to battle against the democratic as well as republican party, and perhaps against the combined effort of both; and acting upon the principle that the way to achieve victory is to part company with our enemies and unite with our friends; and as the people's party is the only party that has shown a friendship to the people by endorsing their demands of the people.

Therefore, be it resolved, That we renounce our allegiance to the democratic party and endorse the people's party, and henceforth until something better is offered, cast our lot and risk our fate with that party which owes no fealty to Wall street. At a regular meeting of the Jones Alliance, held on the 27th day of November 1891, the above resolutions were unanimously indorsed, a copy of which was requested to be sent to the Alliance Herald for publication.

W. G. SLAUGHTER, Pres.
H. A. EMERSON, Sec.

The Situation in Jefferson.

The Age-Herald has endeavored to maintain an even temper through the heated campaign which is afflicting the people of Jefferson county, and we think we are in position to make a correct statement of the situation as it presents itself this morning. In the beginning the advantage was with Captain Kolb. He had what is called the "whooop." His declaration on the convict question gave him the ear and favorable consideration of the masses of the people.

Governor Jones came and necessarily assumed a defensive attitude. He was "in," his administration and record had been attacked, and he was compelled to defend them. Yet, in spite of this, he threw in some shot that called for an answer from the opposition.

The offensive continued with Captain Kolb until he denied the issue of fraud which had been made against the last State Convention. If he was defrauded out of a nomination which he had justly earned, then it gave him a basis on which to ask that the fraud be rectified. If he was not defrauded, then he had no basis at all on which to seek the overthrow of a Democratic precedent. It was really the only issue he had, and when he abandoned that, he assumed the defensive.

Then Colonel Denson came and made his famous speech and challenged a reply from anyone of three gentlemen. They failed to meet it and preferred the defensive attitude. Following in the lead of Colonel Denson many speakers came out boldly to the attack, and so far, the Jones people have maintained the aggressive, and are growing more vigorous in it every day, while Captain Kolb is more distinctly on the defensive.

These are mere bald facts. The result as to the effect on the voters is a matter of opinion. But it is possible that a bold and aggressive fight, backed up by the practically solid business interests of the county, can fail? It does not seem that it will. There has been a steady gain of votes by the Governor, and the prospect this morning is that he will carry the county.—Age-Herald.

Mr. Harrison still clings to that Force bill, and urges its adoption. Parties in the South who hurrahed themselves hoarse over Benjamin's pleasant words on his trip down South, and praised him for his conservative sentiments, should read his message. We had no faith in the assertion that the trip would broaden Mr. Harrison's intellect and make him a better man. Ben has no use for the South; he has no use for the negro, but he wants their votes and wants them badly.—Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

Alabama in Congress.

Maj. W. W. Sorens of the Montgomery Advertiser, is in Washington, and writes as follows of the Alabama Congressmen. Other correspondents all over the country admit that Gen. Forney could have had the chairmanship of the appropriations Committee if he had wanted it.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The wheels of legislation are necessarily stopped until the Speaker can announce the committee. There are more new members in the present Congress than for years past, and this Democratic proportion is of such character that the task of so arranging committees as give satisfaction is an exceedingly difficult one. The South, under the rule heretofore followed, of promoting those who stood on committees in former Congresses, would get a large majority of the chairmanships. This would give Col. Herbert the Naval Committee, Judge Cobb Revision of Laws, Capt. Bankhead the Public Buildings, General Forney the Appropriations, General Wheeler the Military, Mr. Turpin high up on the Postoffice and Mr. Clarke near the top on the Rivers and Harbors.

Colonel Oates was second on the Judiciary and was a strong supporter of Mr. Crisp, while the old chairman, Mr. Culbertson, was one of Mr. Mills' active lieutenants. It is expected hourly that the President will appoint Mr. Culbertson as Capt. Bragg's successor on the Interstate Commerce commission. If this is done Col. Oates will unquestionably be Chairman of the Judiciary and may be any way.

There is no doubt of the fact that Alabama will be well provided for in the matter of committees, though as to chairmanships it is impossible to make any forecast.

The election of Mr. Crisp to the Speakership put a Confederate soldier for the first time in the chair. Mr. Carlisle, while from Kentucky, always took the iron-clad oath, having been a Union man during the war. The Northern Democrats for the first time in over a third of a century now outnumber the Southern Democrats in Congress. As to the former if they had voted together could have elected a Speaker from their section, but did not, on the contrary casting nearly their entire vote for the Southern candidates. The Southern members are acting conservatively.

AS TO COMMITTEE PLACES.

For instance it is pretty generally understood that Gen'l Forney could be the chairman of the committee on Appropriations. He, however, has stated that all things considered it would be better to place Mr. Holman in that position on account of his location, as well as his general fitness for the place and through knowledge of the wants of the country. That committee has to pass on many millions of dollars. In this spirit General Forney of his own motion yields one of the highest chairmanships.

Places of the Ways and Means, the Judiciary, and the Appropriation Committees are considered equal to chairmanships. The River and Harbor Committee is one of greatest interest to the South and Alabama will undoubtedly have representation on it. Mr. Clarke was a member of it in the Fifty-first Congress and obtained large appropriations for our river system than had ever been secured before and Alabama's interest will be well looked after while he is on the committee. The new buildings at Tuscaloosa, Birmingham and Huntsville obtained since Captain Bankhead has been on the Public Building Committee, attest his activity and influence. There is no member of the Postoffice Committee more active and watchful than Mr. Turpin. General Wheeler is one of the authorities on all matters of a military character while Judge Cobb both on the Committees on Railroads and Canals and Revision of Laws, has had his hands full. Col. Herbert will undoubtedly be chairman of the Naval Committee. Our State occupies a high position here in both branches of Congress.

General Forney is working on the postoffice authorities to have the mail route on the Alabama Mineral Railroad extended from Sylacauga to Calera. It now runs from Attalus stopping at Sylacauga instead of going through to a connection with the L. & N. at Calera. This is a great inconvenience to many people and towns along the line, and causes delays in receiving mail of from twenty-four to forty-eight hours. All the mail from the south and west, for points between Sylacauga and Anniston has to go up to the latter over the E. T. V. & G., and come back next day, instead of going immediately from Calera over the road. It is an important matter and General Forney has strong hopes of getting the order of extension in a few days.

Opelika Industrial News says: Hon. L. W. Grant, editor of the Jacksonville Republican, is a candidate for Congress to succeed Gen. Forney. He has no superiors in ability and has yet to fail to obtain any honors sought at the hands of his people. If he enters the race to stick, the man who beats him will be elected.

People with impure blood may be said to exist, not live. Life is robbed of half its joys when the blood is loaded with impurities and disease. Correct this condition with De Witt's Sarsaparilla, it is reliable. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

Miss Mamie Alexander, of Gadsden, Receives Injuries which May Prove Fatal.

GADSDEN, ALA., Dec. 13.—A gloom was cast over the city today when it was known that Miss Mamie Alexander had been thrown from a buggy and was not expected to live. She was on her way to the Episcopal Church, with Mr. Critzer, and she was driving. As the horse neared the car works a dog ran out and the horse shied to one side, throwing Mr. Critzer out. Seeing him fall unnerved Miss Alexander, and she fell out backwards on her head, fracturing her skull. Physicians were summoned and are doing all in their power but they say she cannot live until morning. Her mother is prostrated with grief and unable to attend to her suffering daughter. Mr. Critzer was badly cut on the leg and the buggy was demolished.

Miss Alexander is one of Gadsden's most charming and popular young ladies and her score of admirers will be grieved to hear of the serious accident which has befallen her. The attending physicians have held a consultation and announce that she cannot survive until morning.

A Washington correspondent tells this little romance in the life of the gallant Congressman Oates, of Alabama:

Congressman Oates, of Alabama, with his fifty-six years and only one arm, has a romantic story that surrounds the loss of the other arm. During the war he served in the Confederate army, and it was before Richmond that he received the wounds that necessitated the amputation of the right arm. At this time it was that Oates was obliged to lay off on sick leave while he recovered from his injuries. He was received into the house of a Southern family and nursed by the eldest daughter. During the fever she attended him, and when he pulled through Oates felt that his life had not only been saved by her, but his future happiness was in her hands. The young officer told his story, but this young nurse did not favor his suit, whether because she thought it was pressed simply from gratitude or whether she did not return his affection is not told. Oates was still too weak to return to his command, and between fretting over his rejected suit and at the delay in his return to the front was in a most unhappy mood. One day when more despondent than ever the mother looked up and said, laughing: "Never mind, Captain, you just wait for so-and-so," pointing to the baby in the cradle she was rocking. "You can have her by-and-by." The captain laughed. The baby began to grow to girlhood and Oates was interested in all she did. When she became of marriageable age he reminded her mother of her old promise made over the baby's cradle. There was no opposition to the match and the couple are unusually happy. This accounts for the difference in age at which many people have wondered. Mrs. Oates is a pretty woman with Southern grace and hospitality, and devoted to her husband.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

The question of reducing the government expenditures is occupying the serious attention of some of the leading democrats of the House. It is assumed that Mr. Holman will be chairman of the committee on appropriations and that the rest of the members will be chosen with relation to their harmony with his views and the policy of the democratic party. There is no probability of the appropriations being assembled in one committee. Therefore it is a matter of as grave importance that the other committees having charge of appropriation bills shall be constructed with a view of carrying out the policy of economy. It is probable that a rule will be adopted providing that no appropriations for increasing the clerical or official force of any of the departments shall be made on any but the legislative or sundry civil appropriations bill. It will probably be the policy of this Congress to appropriate only such money for fortifications and for the navy as can be expended judiciously during the year for which the appropriation is made and that the work of cutting down of expenditures will not be confined to the committee on appropriations. There is some talk of the Speaker's going away somewhere after he has heard what members have to say about the committees, that he may get a chance to work quietly on his committees. It is not expected that any bills will be introduced into the House or any sort of work be started until after the committees are announced. The Speaker will take what time is necessary for a careful consideration of the question of committees and when the announcement is made the purpose will be to get to work in a business way at once and clear up all business as speedily as possible.

There is much said and written about the present Congress devoting the major portion of its time to cutting down appropriations. There is a distinct understanding that it is not to make billion-dollar record. While economy in the administration of public office is but due the people who pay the taxes, and the legislative body which imposes unnecessary taxation forfeits the confidence of the masses, there is another extreme—parsimony. The present Congress cannot afford to cripple the machinery of the Government, Speaker Crisp is known as a conservative man, and his record in Congress is such as to warrant the prediction that he will not form his committees or use his influence to bring about a state of affairs that would embarrass the Government in its various departments. There is a happy medium between extravagance and parsimony. This would be a very safe ground for the Fifty-second Congress to occupy.

Investigate their merits. De Witt's Little Early Risers don't gripe, cause nausea or pain, which accounts for their popularity. Dr. J. M. Crook, says he would not run a drug store without these little pills.

Report of the Condition.

OF THE
TREDEGAR NATIONAL BANK,
At Jacksonville, in the State of Alabama, at the close of business, December 2nd, 1891.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	62,080 70
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....	815 93
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....	12,500 00
Due from approved reserve agents.....	3,079 23
Due from other National Banks.....	6,553 19
Due from State Banks and bankers.....	42 17
Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures.....	1,000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid.....	1,229 39
Premiums on U. S. Bonds.....	2,125 00
Checks and other cash items.....	303 56
Bills of other banks.....	60 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents.....	66 02
Specie.....	7,770 10
Legal-tender notes.....	3,353 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (3 per cent of circulation).....	562 50
Total.....	101,580 79
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	50,000 00
Surplus fund.....	1,250 00
Undivided profits.....	1,718 75
National Bank notes outstanding.....	10,750 00
Individual deposits subject to check.....	27,995 27
Demand certificates of deposit.....	8,513 45
Due to other National banks.....	1,009 10
Due to State Banks and bankers.....	346 22
Total.....	101,580 79

STATE OF ALABAMA, ss:
County of Calhoun,
I, George P. Ide, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. P. IDE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of Dec. 1891.
GEO. H. ROWAN,
Notary Public.

TAX NOTICE.

Assessor's 1st Round.

I will be at the places the days mentioned below for the purpose of assessing the State, County and Poll Taxes for the year 1892 for Calhoun county, State of Alabama. All persons subject to taxation under the law, are earnestly requested to meet me promptly at my appointments on this, my First Round, with a full list of property with its full cash value with correct numbers of land and town lots in every case as required by law.

All persons subject to Poll Tax will be required to give the correct number of Township and Range they live in. According to law, all persons are required to give their own property or by an authorized agent.

Beat 17 DeArmanville, Thursday, January 14.
Beat 12 Choccolocco, Friday, January 15.
Beat 12 Iron City, Saturday, January 16.
Beat 11 White Plains, Monday, January 18.
Beat 10 Rabbit Town, Tuesday, January 19.
Beat 16 Beat Voting Place, Wednesday, January 20.
Beat 9 Piedmont, Thursday and Friday, January 21 and 22.
Beat 3 Green's School House, Saturday, January 23.
Beat 1 Jacksonville, Monday and Tuesday, 25 and 26.
Beat 3 Four Mile Station, Wednesday, January 27.
Beat 2 Waverly Station, Thursday, January 28.
Beat 18 Oxanna, Friday, January 29.
Beat 13 Oxford, Saturday, January 30 and February 1st.
Beat 4 Gannaway's, Tuesday, February 2nd.
Beat 4 Bynums, Wednesday, February 3rd.
Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Thursday, February 4th.
Beat 5 Polkville, Friday, February 5th.
Beat 15 Ohatchie, Saturday, February 6th.
Beat 6 Peeks Hill, Monday, February 8th.
Beat 6 Duke's Station, Tuesday, February 9th.
Beat 7 Hollingsworths, Wednesday, February 10th.
Beat 2 Alexandria, Thursday, February 11th.
Beat 2 Peaceburg, Friday, February 12th.
Beat 15 Anniston, Monday and Tuesday, February 15 and 16.
J. V. RHODES,
Assessor.

Application for Decree to Sell Land.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
In Probate Court, Special term Dec. 1891.
This day came S. D. G. Brothers administrator of the Estate of Richard Crook, deceased, and filed in Court his application praying for an order to sell the lands of said Estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said Estate.
Notice is hereby given that the 20th day of January 1892 is appointed for hearing and determining said application and all persons interested are notified to appear in said Court on said day and contest said application if they think proper.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
Judge of Probate.

A Trial Trip.

The Memphis Weekly Commercial, the great Southern newspaper, will be sent on trial to new subscribers four months for 25 cents. Address, The Commercial Publishing Co., Memphis Tenn.

Register's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the Ninth District of the North-Western Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, composed of the county of Calhoun, at the October term, 1891, in the cause of S. D. G. Brothers as administrator de bonis non of W. R. Hanna, deceased, vs. J. R. Harbin, J. R. Hanna, W. V. Hanna, J. W. Hanna, et al., I will, as Register and Master in said court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in said county, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January, 1892, the following real estate to-wit: the middle division of the south half of Section 27, (except the Riddle dower), all in Township 15, Range 9, Calhoun county, Alabama, as the property of A. T. Hanna.

Also at the same time and place, and under like terms, by virtue of another decree of said court in said cause, rendered at said term of said court, I will sell the following real estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 28, also the SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 25, all in Township 15, Range, 9, Calhoun county, Alabama, as the property of Roda Poland.

Said several tracts of land will be sold to satisfy said several decrees of said court in favor of said complainant as administrator, etc.

WM. A. HAMES,
dec5-4t Register, &c.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 27th day of November 1891, Citizens Bank Trust Co. vs. D. E. Blair, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, at public outcry, the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: D. E. Blair's interest in lots 29 and 30 in block 20, lot 14 in block 25, lot 15 in block 18, lot 31 in block 2, and lots 1 and 2 in block 26, all lying and being in the town of Piedmont, Ala., as the property of D. E. Blair to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 28th day of November 1891, Piedmont Land and Improvement Co., vs. Geo. H. Kingsman and Geo. H. Kingsman & Brother, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 4th day of January 1892 to the highest and best bidder for cash, before the Shoe Factory building in Piedmont, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: All of the appurtenances belonging to the Shoe Factory in Piedmont Ala., more particularly described in the order of sale, as the property of Geo. H. Kingsman to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 1st day of December 1891, Piedmont Lumber Co., vs. Pink Sharp, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, at public outcry before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville to the highest bidder for cash during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lots 12 and 13, Block 98, Daily addition to Piedmont Ala., as the property of Pink Sharp to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 1st day of November 1891, Sullivan, West & Co., vs. Ward Poland & Co., I will proceed to sell on Monday the 14th day of December 1891, at public outcry on the premises of Milo Poland near Josie Springs in Choccolocco Valley during the legal hours of sale the following described property to-wit: One day mare and colt, one spotted mule, cows, one horse wagon, one hundred bushels corn, more or less, three yearlings, as the property of M. P. Poland to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 30th of November 1891, Piedmont Lumber Co., vs. Powell Stewart, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry, on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville, during the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 99 in the city of Piedmont, Calhoun county, Alabama, together with the improvements thereon as the property of Powell Stewart to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
C. D. Martin vs. W. H. Rowe.
Before me J. D. Arnold a Justice of the Peace for said county.

Before me as Justice of the Peace this Dec. 1st 1891, came the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, and it appearing that certain property of the said defendant has been levied upon by notice of attachment issued from my office returnable on the 21st day of Dec. 1891, and that Defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is therefore ordered that notice of said attachment and the return day thereof be given to the said W. H. Rowe, by publication, once a week for three successive weeks before said 21st of December 1891 in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county and a copy thereof be mailed to the said Defendant at his place of residence when known.

Given under my hand this the 1st December 1891.

J. D. ARNOLD,
Justice Peace.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Alabama, on the 30th day of November 1891, Tredegar National Bank vs. J. R. Harbin, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville within the legal hours of sale, the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Beginning at the north corner of a lot formerly owned by J. R. Harbin, thence north one hundred and thirty-seven feet and seven inches to a lot formerly owned by R. P. Morgan; thence west one hundred and fifty-three feet to the M. T. Moody lot; thence south one hundred and thirty-seven feet to J. R. Harbin's lot; thence east to the beginning point; and more fully described as one half acre of land sold to J. R. Harbin by W. W. Wilkerson in Sec. 5, T. 13, and R. 10, east, as the property of J. R. Harbin to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 30th day of November 1891, against W. A. Wilson and in favor of Gibbs Drug Co., I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville between the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: Lot No. 11 block No. 8, as designated by the map of the Piedmont Land and Improvement Company, in Piedmont, Ala., as the property of W. A. Wilson to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 30th day of November 1891, against Theo. Hoffman and in favor of L. Stewart & Brother, I will proceed to sell at public outcry on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville within the legal hours of sale the following described condemned real estate to-wit: SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 13, and R. 8 east, being in Calhoun county, Ala., as the property of Theo. Hoffman to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 1st day of December 1891, against Frank Savage and in favor of Piedmont Lumber Company, I will proceed to sell at public outcry in front of the Court house, on Monday the 4th day of January 1892 to the highest and best bidder for cash within the legal hours of sale the following described real estate to-wit: Lot No. 2 in block 99 as per map of the Piedmont Land and Improvement Co., being in Calhoun county, Ala., condemned as the property of Frank Savage to satisfy said judgment.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

Annual Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
In Probate Court, Special Term, 1891.

Came this day W. M. Whiteside and S. S. Love, administrators with the will annexed of the estate of J. J. Willis, deceased, and filed in Court account and vouchers for the annual settlement said estate, and the 30th day of December 1891, having been appointed by the Court the day for examining, auditing and stating the same, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the Term of the Court aforesaid, and contest the same, if they think proper.

Given under my hand, at office, the 3rd day of December A. D. 1891.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec5-4t Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 28, 1891.
Complaint having been filed in this office by Isaac Teague against David McCain for abandoning his homestead entry No. 21227, dated January 17, 1888, upon the W. 1/4 of NE 1/4 Sec. 28, T. 13, south, R. 9 east, in Calhoun county, Alabama, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at Jacksonville, Ala., before J. P. Weaver Clerk of the Circuit Court on the 23rd day of January 1892 at 10 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish proper evidence concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. H. BINGHAM,
N. H. ALEXANDER,
Register.

Testimony will be considered by the Register or Receiver of the United States Land Office Jan. 30, 1892.

dec5-6t

Special Term Commissioner's Court.

Notice is hereby given that a special term of the Commissioner's Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, will be held on the first Monday in January, 1892, and from day to day until the business is disposed of, for the purpose of letting the public roads to contract by prebids. Those desiring the position will please meet the court at that time, or send their proposals, in writing to the Probate Judge. Any person desiring to test to the county will be attended to also at this special term.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec5-5t Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, on the 30th day of November

The Republican.

Issued Weekly.

Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square. Local notices 10 cents per line. Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One year, One Dollar. Six Months, Seventy-five Cents. Three Months, Forty Cents. Subscriptions must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless accompanied by the order.

Church Services.

St. Luke's Episcopal Church—W. T. Allen, Rector—Services with sermon every 1st and 3rd Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m. All are invited.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m., Geo H. Montgomery, Superintendent. Public always welcome.

Baptist Church—Rev. H. W. Williams, pastor—Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m.

Methodist Church—Rev. F. A. Rogers, pastor—Services every 1st and 3rd Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m., Geo H. Montgomery, Superintendent. Public always welcome.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. J. H. Patton, pastor—Services every 2nd and 4th Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m.

Public cordially invited.

Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock. H. F. Montgomery, Supt.

MAIL SCHEDULE.

Schedule of arrival and departure of mail from the Post office at Jacksonville, Ala., Dec. 12th, 1891.

Mails going East leave office 1:35 Arrive 1:55

Mails going West 1:35 Arrive 1:55

Evening mail for Anniston and all points on the G. P. and Mineral R. R. Close 5 p. m. Arrive 6 a. m.

STAR ROUTES.

For White Plains, Ala., Leave Monday, Wednesday, Saturday 7 am

Arrive Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, 7 pm

For Jenkins and Grantley, leave Wednesday and Saturday, 6 am

Arrive Wednesday and Saturday 6 pm

For Adelia, Allsups and Renews Leave Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 7 a. m.

Arrive Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 7 p. m.

Office hours from 6 am to 5 pm. Sunday, from 12:30 pm to 2:30 pm. Money orders and postal notes sold from 7 am, until 5 pm.

ADELIA E. FRANK, P. M. Jacksonville, Ala.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce James H. Marion as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

Wanted to Buy

Some sun-flower seed. Apply at this office.

Mrs. Kate Jelks is certainly headquarters for Christmas goods.

The cheapest Dolls at Mrs. Kate Jelks ever brought to Jacksonville.

If you want a nice Christmas present go to Mrs. Kate Jelks.

There will not be any REPUBLICAN next week on account of Christmas.

You never saw such a nice line of Christmas goods before in this place as now at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. L. G. Hames, is on a visit to his parents at this place.

De Witt's Sarsaparilla cleanses the blood, increases the appetite and tones up the system. It has benefited many people who have suffered from blood disorders. It will help you. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

Our scissors are sharp and will cut deep into prices of Millinery at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Remember that Mrs. Kate Jelks sells Christmas goods for spot cash.

De Witt's Sarsaparilla destroys such poisons as scrofula, skin disease, eczema, rheumatism. Its timely use saves many lives. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

Miss Alice Jones, of Anniston, is visiting relatives in Jacksonville.

In order to make more room to show Christmas goods, you can get big bargains in Corsets next Monday for cash at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. J. P. Buttery, formerly of this place, died at Piedmont Thursday, with paralysis. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias of this place.

You can get a big reduction in Millinery for the next ten days at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

NOTICE—I have a nice selection of Handkerchiefs, Laces, Ties, Table Covers, Scarfs, Table Linen &c. I will be pleased to show my friends and acquaintances.

MRS. FLORENCE HINES, Dupont Street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On farm lands on long time and easy terms. Apply to W. A. DRISKELL, Agent. Jacksonville, Ala.

Mr. Z. Henderson, of St. Clair, was visiting relatives, and friends here this week.

Walter V. Montgomery left last week to take his last course of lectures in the Alabama Medical College at Mobile. Looking at him, he will be a full fledged M. D. about March 1st. He has studied long, and we wish him smooth sailing to the goal of his ambition.

"Ye Olde Folks" of Jacksonville Are Coming.

Some months ago, a party of young people of this city went down to the county seat, by invitation, and presented a play which they had already given in this city. During their visit the hospitable citizens not only showed their great kindness by courteous attention, but also filled the hall in the evening to overflowing. It now seems as though Piedmont would have a chance to return the compliment.

The Inquirer is informed that the ladies and gentlemen of Jacksonville who delighted the citizens of that place a short time ago with their "Olde Folks" concert, have accepted the invitation to come to Piedmont, on Monday, December 21st, and present the same program here. The concert in which the young folks impersonate "Ye Olde Folks" will be given at either the school house or at Sharp & Chancellor Hall, at some time after supper. Both the hour and place will be published in the next issue of this paper. The performance will be a combination of theatricals, tableaux and vocal music, and as our sister city contains a number of good singers and actors, ought to be entertaining and amusing.—Piedmont Inquirer.

Dolls at Mrs. Kate Jelks from 5c up.

Go to Mrs. Kate Jelks if you want cheap Christmas goods.

"Ye Olde Folks" Concert" at Jacksonville last Monday night, for the benefit of the Normal College, was a very delightful entertainment. Jacksonville has fine musical talent, well cultivated, and histrionic ability as well; and dramatic and musical entertainments there always mean a feast of good things.—Piedmont Inquirer.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found cutting or removing timber or otherwise damaging or trespassing on the property of the J. M. & M. Co., will be dealt with to full extent of the law. J. W. BURKE, Pres. P. D. ROSS, Sec & Treas.

Go to Mrs. Kate Jelks for Feather Collarettes that is so much worn now.

Notice to the Public.

All persons are hereby notified not to turn their stock in the following farms: Forney, Crow, Williams, Wright and Weaver farms. Any person or persons so doing will be prosecuted. Crow Bros. Sam G. Wright, T. S. Weaver, James Ferrell, W. B. Ferrell. dec19-3t.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Notice to Trespassers.

We, the undersigned hereby give notice that we have constituted Mr. Richard Bonds our agent to prevent the taking of timber from our lands in Beat 3 of this County. P. ROWAN, L. W. GRANT. F. M. TREADAWAY. Dec12-3t.

The recently elected United States Senator of Georgia, General John B. Gordon, says:

Mr. A. E. Hawkes—Dear Sir: The pantheistic glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequalled in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn.

Respectfully, JOHN B. GORDON, Ex-Governor of State of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and the fit guaranteed at the Drug Store of Dr. J. M. Crook. Jacksonville, Ala.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES, Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing, it is general debility. Try DE WITT'S LITTLE EARLY RISERS. It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite.

For Rent.

House of five or six rooms partly furnished to be rented until June 15th. Very desirable opportunity for families from the country to send to school.

Apply to C. B. GIBSON. dec 5th 2t

We can not afford to deceive you. Confidence is begotten by honesty. De Witt's Little Early Risers are pills that will cure constipation and sick headache. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINE SHOW CASES.

TERRY MFG CO., NASHVILLE, TENN.

FIRE INSURANCE.

L. L. SWAN AGT. Jacksonville, Ala.

Two Good Home Companies to which Georgia Home, Central City, Nashville.

OBITUARY.

Another one of God's children gathered home. Mrs. Sarah Chambers, whose maiden name was Sims, departed this life Sept. 16th, 1891. She was born in South Carolina on the 18th of Sept 1827, and was married to John T. Chambers Oct. the 29th, 1847.

She was the mother of eight precious children, and the grand mother of quite a number of lovely children. She was always ready to impart good advice to those beloved children. During the time of her illness she suffered very much, but endured the Master's will with great patience and christian fortitude. She was conscious to the last moment of her earthly life. Finally the Master said, "It is enough come up higher." She went without a murmur.

As she stood on the margin of the river of death, seemingly to gaze across to Canaan's fair and happy land, she bid adieu to earth and friends, by clapping her glad hands and shouting praises to God, the All Father, the Giver of all good.

She was a consistent member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Piedmont, Ala. She loved her church very much and was delighted to hear of its rapid growth as a whole and rejoiced to know of its doubling in membership in the last decade of years and said, "I am glad to hear of my church's great prosperity."

Not only does the church and friends mourn her death, but the entire community feels the loss of this godly woman. She was of that decided christian character which commands the respect of all people. She loved to attend church and was usually present unless providential work or a pastor's support by her deep and earnest prayer and words of kindness. Sister Chambers was a great sufferer, having been an invalid for many months, but amid the tortures of disease her faith was sublime. Just before her death, she sang a part of three good old hymns and passed away to the bright forever to sing that new song which no one could learn but the hundred and forty and four thousand.

She bid farewell to her friends here below as if starting only on a pleasant journey, to be gone for a little while and return to them again. Her's was a faith grand in life and beautiful in death; and but shows that God will be with His saints as they pass through the "valley and shadow of death."

Jesus, while our hearts are bleeding, Over the spoils that death hath won, We would at this solemn hour Calmly say thy will be done. Though today we're filled with mourning, Mourners still are on the throne, With Thy smiles of love returning, We can say, Thy will be done. By Thy hand the boon was given, Thou hast taken but Thine own; Lord of earth, and God of heaven, Evermore Thy will be done. REV. J. C. CALLEY.

THE FLORIDA YESTIEBULE TRAIN

To Be Inaugurated Next Sunday, Nov. 29, by the E. T., Y. & G.—It Will Be Known as the Cincinnati and Florida Limited.

The first regular vestibuled train ever run through Tennessee will be put on next Sunday. The train will consist of mail car, Southern Express car, baggage car, two day coaches and one or more Pullman sleepers. The train will be vestibuled from end to end and will be described exactly in the Times. It will be run regularly every day between Chattanooga and St. Augustine, Fla., by the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Road.

The train will leave Cincinnati next Sunday 11:30 a. m., and leave Chattanooga at 10:40 p. m., arriving at Atlanta 3:45 a. m., Macon 6:45 a. m., Jessup 12 noon, Jacksonville 3:55 p. m., and St. Augustine 5:30 p. m., only sixteen hours from Chattanooga to the Ponce de Leon.

The time made by this palatial train will be over four hours quicker than at present between Chattanooga and St. Augustine. Returning it will leave St. Augustine 8:10 a. m., Jacksonville 9:50 a. m., Macon 7:20 p. m., Atlanta 10:50 p. m., arrive Chattanooga 4 a. m.; leave 4:10 a. m., arrive Cincinnati 5:50 p. m. This is the vestibuled train the East Tennessee has promised, and if you want to see something gorgeous go to the Central Depot next Sunday night at 10 o'clock.—Chattanooga Times, Nov. 22.

Ten quarter, 11 and 12 all wool blankets at cost at Ullman Bros., Anniston.

You never tried De Witt's Little Early Risers for constipation, biliousness, sick headache or you would not have these diseases. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

A. L. Stewart has just opened a magnificent line of Gentlemen's Underwear. Call and examine them. Don't scorn the system as you would a fort. If held by the enemy, constipation, gently persuade it to surrender with De Witt's Little Early Risers. These little pills are wonderful convicers. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

S. H. For Cash.

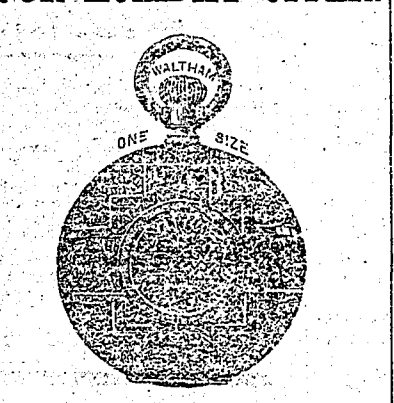
On December 1st we will change our business to cash business. We propose to sell at prices to suit the hard times. We hope our friends and patrons will divide their trade with us and we will try at all times to please them as a patronize us.

Respectfully, CROW BROS.

Perfect action and perfect health result from the use of De Witt's Little Early Risers, a perfect little pill. Sold by Dr. J. M. Crook.

FOR DEBILITY, Indigestion and Stomach Disorders, use DE WITT'S LITTLE EARLY RISERS. All druggists keep it. St. per bottle. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

OUR HOLIDAY OFFER.



Instead of giving our usual Christmas prizes, as heretofore, to three or four only, we will distribute them equally among our friends and patrons, commencing Dec. 7, continuing until January 1st, 10 per cent. off on all cash purchases.

DOERING & ROBINSON, Leading Jewelers and Opticians.

J. H. CRAWFORD, Has just received a fine lot of

Coffins & Caskets.

Also small Gloss White Castles for Children.

Prices range from \$8 to \$45. Largest sizes for men, of any shop in the street, south from the public square Jacksonville, Ala.

Saw Mill for Sale.

1 Erie City Engine and boiler 20 horse power. 1 Russell Saw mill and carriage. 2 Good saws. 12 Good good cattle. 2 Drays and 3 carts. 200,000 Timber to go with mill. Well situated in a good belt of timber. Over two million feet secured at \$1.00 per foot from R. R. Good loading yard at Railroad. Long leaf yellow pine timber. Machinery in good order. Also 120 acres of land if desired. Apply to S. D. G. BROTHERS, Adm'r Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of T. C. Smith deceased, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. E. F. Crook Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 4th day of Nov. 1891, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

S. D. G. BROTHERS, Adm'r Nov. 21st, 3t.

IMPORTANT!

Fruit cake supplies in abundance. Just received

a beautiful line of Christmas goods. Come early

and get first choice.

We will give a special

bargain in One fine Saddle

and Harness Horse. One

good work Mare. One Second

Hand Two-horse wagon

and Harness.

Our wholesale department

is managed by Mr. C. C. Woodruff, at warehouse,

near the depot. Call on him

if you want to buy heavy

goods cheap.

PORTER, MARTIN & CO.

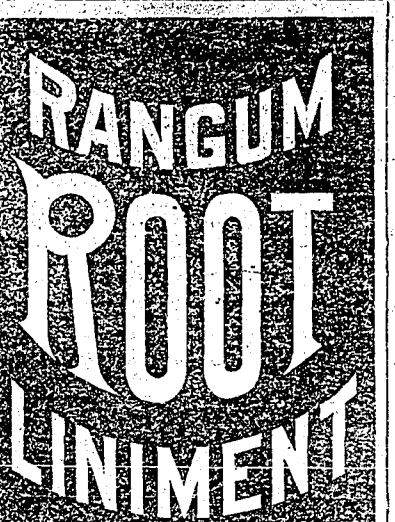
Jacksonville, Ala.

S. Side Public Square

Trustee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by Phil Weaver and wife Matilda Weaver and recorded on page 276 of Book "T." of records of Mortgages in the office of the Probate Judge of said county, to secure a debt due W. M. Bign, the undersigned will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of January 1892, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of Trust, before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the debt and costs and attorneys fees secured by said deed of trust, the following described land to-wit: Beginning at a stake near the center of the Southern line of Bign McKimble's land at a corner with Easter Wakefield's land, and running south on an established line to B. H. Duggan's land; thence west to a corner of said land thence north and north westerly along the line of said Duggan's land to E. H. McKimble's land; thence east along the southern boundary of said land to the point of beginning, embracing forty-five acres of the SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 24, of T. 14, R. 8, S. 12, Calhoun county, Ala.

S. D. G. BROTHERS, Trustee. nov28-4t



THE King of all Liniments.

THE BEST, THE QUICKEST, THE SUREST,

TO CURE FOR MAN:

Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Throat, Weak Back, Cramps, Corns, Bunions, Warts, Insect Bites, Frost Bites, Pains, Aches, Pains in the Back, Breast or Side, Wounds, Cuts, Hurts, Etc.

FOR HORSES AND STOCK:

Spavin, Splint, Ringbone, Wind Galls, Scalds, Bruises, Strains, Swellings, Swiney, Harness and Saddle-burns, Soreness, Stiffness, Knots, Lameness, Stiff Joints, Folds, Etc.

SPURLOCK, NEAL & CO., Props., Nashville, Tenn.

ISBELL COLLEGE,

For Young Ladies,

TALLADEGA, ALA.

Opens September 10th, 1891.

Fine Mountain climate. New buildings with all modern improvements. Languages, Music, Art Studies, High Standard. Thorough Christian training. The Bible a Text book. Board and tuition \$100 per annum. For announcement, apply to Rev. P. P. WYNN, A. M., Pres. June15-5m

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by Benjamin Little and wife, Emma E. Little to the New England Mortgage Security Company, dated 7th day of June 1888, and recorded in the Probate office for Calhoun county, Alabama, Record of Mortgages, Book No. Q, on page 62 and the said mortgage debt being declared due and unpaid, the undersigned company (Mortgagee), will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house for said county, within legal hours of sale on Monday the 14th day of December 1891, the following described real estate, to-wit: The SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Sec. 15, the E 1/2 of the SE 1/4 of Sec. 16, and the E 1/2 of the NE 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of Sec. 21, in T. 14, R. 6, Calhoun county, Alabama, containing 220 acres, more or less. This sale will be made to satisfy said mortgage debt, together with costs, attorney's fee and the expenses of making this foreclosure.

The New England Mortgage Security Company, Mortgagee. C. BRADSHAW, G. C. ELLIS, Attys. nov14-4t

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.)

In Probate Court for said County, Special Term Nov. 11 1891.

This day came J. M. Dickie administrator of Estate of Jackson Dickie deceased, and files his Resignation as such Administrator, and also files in Court his account, containing a true and correct statement of his administration of said Estate. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 7th day of December 1891 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 7th day of Dec. 1891 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate. Nov. 14th, 3t.

Public Road Letting.

A special Term of the Court of County Commissioners is hereby called to meet on the first Monday in January 1892, being the 4th, day of said month, for the purpose of receiving bids and letting the public roads of Calhoun County for the year 1892, and for the transaction of any other business that may be for the interest of the County, and people. All parties wishing to bid in the over-seeing the public roads for said year will deposit sealed bids with me on or before said day of letting.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate. nov21-4t

FOR MEN ONLY

YOUNG MEN—OLD MEN

GET IN THE TROUSERS OF DEBILITY. They make heroic efforts to free themselves, but fail. They know how to succeed. SHAKE OFF THE HORRID SNAKES OF DEBILITY. What an EASY THING to do. OUR NEW BOOK

is a full and complete treatise on the worst cases of Debility, and contains the most reliable and successful treatment of the same. It is a book that every man should have. It is a book that every man should read. It is a book that every man should keep. It is a book that every man should give to his friends. It is a book that every man should send to his friends. It is a book that every man should recommend to his friends. It is a book that every man should distribute to his friends. It is a book that every man should use. It is a book that every man should have. It is a book that every man should read. It is a book that every man should keep. It is a book that every man should give to his friends. It is a book that every man should send to his friends. It is a book that every man should recommend to his friends. It is a book that every man should distribute to his friends. It is a book that every man should use. It is a book that every man should have. 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Administrator's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, rendered on the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1891, I, as administrator of Nathaniel Cobb, deceased, will sell the following described lands of said estate, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, upon the premises, to-wit: The NW 1/4 of Section thirty-four, township fifteen (15) and range nine (9) east, on Choctawhatchee Creek, in Calhoun County, Ala. Said lands will be sold in four lots, which will be shown by survey and plat, exhibited at the time of the sale. Term of sale, one-third cash, balance on a credit of one and two years, in two equal payments, with interest from date. Two sufficient securities will be required on notes.

E. W. COBB,
Administrator.

Administratrix's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, rendered on the 20th day of June 1891, I, as Administratrix of the estate of J. W. Hamilton, deceased, will sell the following described land of said estate, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, upon the premises, to-wit: The SE 1/4 of the S. E. quarter of Section Eight (8) and S. W. quarter of S. W. quarter and a part of S. E. quarter of S. W. quarter of Section Nine (9) in Township Fifteen (15) Range Six (6) East, also sixty acres more or less in the N. W. quarter of Section four (4) Township fifteen (15) Range Six (6) East, in Calhoun County, Alabama. Said lands will be sold either in a body or in separate tracts as may seem to the best interest of the Estate. Term of sale Cash, sale will be on December 15th, 1891 at 12 o'clock M.

MRS. S. G. HAMILTON,
Administratrix.

Tax Collector's Appointments.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of collecting the State and County tax of Calhoun County, Ala., for the year 1891. All tax is delinquent after the last day of December 1891. I earnestly request every one to pay taxes by that time and avoid the penalty fixed by law. After the first of January, I will proceed as the law directs. It requires all the time allowed by law for me to close up accounts with the State and County, and it is absolutely necessary for me to enforce collections within that limit.

I will be in Jacksonville the last ten days in December for the purpose of collecting State and County Tax from all parts of the County.

SECOND ROUND.

- Beat 1 Jacksonville, Tuesday November 3.
 - Beat 3 Four Mile Spring, Wednesday November 4.
 - Beat 8 Green's School House, Thursday, November 5.
 - Beat 8 Knight's Mill, Friday, November 6.
 - Beat 10 Beat Polling Place, Monday November 9.
 - Beat 11 White Plains, Tuesday, November 10.
 - Beat 12 Iron City, Wednesday, November 11.
 - Beat 12 Choctawhatchee, Thursday, November 12.
 - Beat 17 DeArmanville, Friday, November 13.
 - Beat 1 Tampa, Monday, October 16.
 - Beat 7 Hollingsworths, Tuesday November 17.
 - Beat 6 Duke's Station, Wednesday, November 18.
 - Beat 6 Peaks Hill, Thursday, November 19.
 - Beat 18 Ochatchie, Friday, November 20.
 - Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Saturday, November 21.
 - Beat 4 Bynums, Monday, November 23.
 - Beat 4 Gannaway's, Tuesday, November 24.
 - Beat 5 Polkville, Wednesday, November 25.
 - Beat 2 Alexandria, Thursday and Friday, November 26 and 27.
 - Beat 9 Weavers Station, Saturday, November 28.
 - Beat 9 Piedmont, Wednesday and Thursday, December 2 and 3.
 - Beat 15 Beat Voting Place, Friday December 4.
 - Beat 16 Ladira, Saturday, December 5.
 - Beat 13 Oxford, Monday and Tuesday, December 7 and 8.
 - Beat 13 Oxanna, Wednesday, December 9.
 - Beat 15 Anniston, Thursday Friday and Saturday, December 10, 11 and 12.
- D. Z. GOODLETT,
Tax Collector.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

A & M COLLEGE,
AUBURN, ALA.

The Session begins September 16th. The courses of study include the Physical, Chemical and Natural Sciences with their applications; Agriculture, Biology, Mechanics, Mathematics, Engineering (Civil, Mechanical and Electrical), Drawing, English, French, German, and Latin Languages, History, Political Economy, Mental and Moral Science, and Military Tactics.

There is no charge for tuition. For catalogue address

W. L. BROWN,
President.

PATENTS

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability. Free of Charge.

Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.

J. R. LITTELL,
Washington, D. C.
Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

Money to Lend.

I have \$65,000 to lend on farm lands. Interest and expenses will be about 10% per cent annually.

H. L. STEVENSON.

BANK OFFICE
STORE FIXTURES
TERRY MFG CO
NASHVILLE, TENN.

J. C. FRANCIS,

Notary Public & Ex-Officio
Justice Peace.

COURT 1st and 3rd WEDNESDAYS
MARRIAGE LICENSE
FOR SALE

P. O. - - Cane Creek, Ala.

ial7-1f

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN, AG'T.
Jacksonville Ala.

Two Good Home Companies to-wit

Georgia Home, Ga.
Central City, Ala.

E. M. REID, J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.,

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in each month.

JAS. HUTCHISON

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,
(Shop at Old Land Company Office.)
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned were on the 22nd day of September 1891, duly appointed by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., executors of the last will and testament of Samuel C. Kelly deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

AMIE E. KELLY,
WM. P. KELLY,
R. B. KELLY,
Executors.

FINE SHOW CASES.

TERRY MFG CO., NASHVILLE, TENN.

EROS!

Of course you have heard of Eros!

BOOK STORE

IN ANNISTON,

but have you called at Eros' store? There are no cramped notions or stocks at Eros'. It's the store of liberal ideas in trading. It's the Book and Stationery Store in the full sense of the word, and of which any city would be proud of. New books almost as soon as the ink is dry. All the standard Periodicals and Weekly papers. School books and supplies which have to sell on their merit and low prices. Fine correspondence paper at lower prices than you pay for common stuff. If you can't come yourself a letter that tells nearly what you want will command the best attention and the goods will cost the same as if personally bought.

COMMERICAL

LAW STATIONERY,
Architect's and Engineer's materials. You can confidently call or write for anything in the above line. What ever goods ought to be in a first class Book and Stationery store are here, and the prices are right.

Noble between 12 and 13 street,
Anniston, Ala.

I. L. Swan & Co.,

Real Estate Agents,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Buy and sell town lots, mineral lands, farm lands, stocks and bonds. Have now on hand a quantity of desirable real estate in and near the corporation line of the town, and four valuable ore plants, and half interest in the Landers' marble quarry. Prompt in giving information. Titles examined and prepared without any charge to those doing business with us. Write us, or call at office, Northwest corner of court house.

The Republican

NEW
OUTFIT.
JANUARY, 1891.

The capacity for the production of superior work by the addition of the latest improved machinery, newest faces of type and a mammoth stock of carefully selected paper, are unequalled in the South.

APPLE TREES.

W. U. ALMON, of Effin, Alabama, will sell for the next fifteen days 4,000 apple trees, two years old, pretty and straight at \$8 per hundred. Ben Davis, Mandy Winsap, and other varieties. Also grape vines, choice and cheap. Will ship to any express office at once.

W. U. ALMON,
Effin, Ala.

"M. & H."

Writing Tablets
The handsomest, most economical, and best method of putting up writing papers for home and office use. Get them from your stationer, or send direct to the Manufacturers,
HARBROUCK & SINCLAIR,
536 and 538 Pearl St., N. Y.
N. B.—A handsome tablet suitable for Police Correspondence mailed for Twenty-five Cents.

Columbus Daily Enquirer-Sun.

Recognized Leading Journal in Southwest Georgia and East Alabama. Full associated press dispatches. Special correspondents at all important towns in Georgia and Alabama. Full corps of Special Correspondents at all important towns in Georgia and Alabama. All the latest, local and general news. Editorials on current topics. The Enquirer-Sun is thoroughly Democratic and is a staunch advocate of the agricultural interests of the country. Issues—daily, Sunday and Weekly. Having extended circulation in the entire territory tributary to Columbus, both sides the Chattahoochee river, it is invaluable as an advertising medium. Weekly only \$1 a year. Send for sample copies and premium list. Now is the time to subscribe. Address all communications to B. H. RICHARDSON, Columbus, Ga.

R. W. WHISENANT & CO.

Real Estate Brokers,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in
Stocks, Farm and Mineral Lands. City Property Bought and Sold on Commission. Property Rented and Rents Collected. Refer by permission to Rowan, Dean & Co., Jacksonville, Ala. C. W. Burke, President Jacksonville Mining & Manufg Co., Comer & Trapp, Anniston, Ala.

B. G. MCLELEN,

County - - - Surveyor
Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, the undersigned administrator of the estate of E. G. Lee, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, to the highest bidder for one half cash, and the balance on twelve months time, on note with two good and sufficient sureties, bearing interest from date, on Saturday the 5th day of December 1891, the following described lands belonging to said estate to-wit: NE 1/4 of Sec. 1, T. 15, R. 7, in Calhoun County, Alabama.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,
Administrator.

"Established 30 Years."

H. A. SMITH
ROME, - - - GEORGIA.

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Music Dealer.

JUST receiving a magnificent line of books, Writing Desk, Toilet sets for Ladies and Gentlemen, Push and Morocco Bound Photographs and Autograph Albums, Pocket Standard Juvenile and Gift Books, Scrap Books, Bibles, Prayer and hymn books, Pictures, Engravings, Vases, Bronzes, Games, Dolls, Toys, Fancy Stationery in Push Boxes and a great variety for Christmas, Birthdays and Wedding Presents.

Flowers and Ornaments from different manufacturers, for Cash or installment plan, at low prices.

6000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER

and Borders, at greatly reduced prices. Samples sent on application.

Anniston Arms Co.,

No. 917 NOBLE STREET,

Will sell as cheap as any house North, East, South or West.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, CARTRIDGES.

LAWN TENNIS, BASE BALL, Gymnasium Fishing Tackle, And all kinds of

Sporting Goods.

Agents for
King's Great Western Powder Co.,

Parker Bros. Guns, L. C. Smith's Guns.

ANNISTON ARMS CO.
Anniston, Ala.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ANTHONY, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a waste of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City, Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruptions, Etc. Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PANDER, M. D., "The Wintthrop," 123rd Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CHRYSTAL COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

JNO. Y. HENDERSON.

H. F. MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON, REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

OFFICE NO. 3, CARPENTER BUILDING, Jacksonville, Alabama.

C. D. MARTIN

Contractor and Coal Dealer,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Contracts taken for grading streets, roads and railroads, sites for buildings &c., Coal delivered of best character at lowest possible price. Drayage of all kinds promptly attended to. Having large force of mules, wagons, drays, grading tools &c. am prepared to do all kinds of hauling and work in my line speedily and at satisfactory prices.

C. D. MARTIN.

For the Best Carriage, Buggy, or Wagon

FOR THE
LEAST MONEY,
WRITE OR SEE THE

Anniston Carriage Works.

Large stock of every style and grade. Agents for "Fish Bros." Farm Wagon. Don't buy until you see us, and to good parties time will be given. We also carry a large stock of Harness.

ANNISTON CARRIAGE WORKS,
Anniston, Ala., May 2-3m

JOHN RAMAGNANO, AT HIS OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of Wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn Whisky, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins and Cordials of the best European-brands. Also

Domestic Wines and Brandies.

Whiskies and Wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also

Sacramental Wines.

Imported Bottled Beer and cool fresh Lager Beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cent cigars.

JOE A. MAGNUS & COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail
Liquor Dealers,
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We have the largest stock OLD WHISKIES, FINE BRANDIES and WINES ever brought to Alabama. We receive our goods direct from the producer, and sell as cheap as the same quality can be sold on earth. We solicit the patronage of those wishing

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It seems almost like throwing the money away to pay tailors \$40.00 and \$50.00 for what you can get of us for \$25 or \$35. They rail, and rant against ready made clothes—but it's the pricking of the consciousness of excellence. We've gone in to win the trade of a class of gentlemen who are particular—but who are ready to give merit its dues. Have a look at our line of fine SUITS and OVERCOATS. If you've looked the best tailor's stock over you have seen the same grade of goods—with a third more at least, "tacked on" to the cost. The cheap tailors and the rest of the ready made clothiers haven't a suggestion of them even. Our's are in all the genteel effects. Effects that you don't find outside of a dozen mills if you look the world over for them. We put these fine fabrics right into OUR OWN TAILOR SHOPS and when they come out there's nothing choicer to be had. We are willing to stake our reputation on the perfection of the fit, the elegance and thoroughness of the finish and make. Try them on; It won't cost anything but time; and we are sure you'll give us the endorsement we deserve. We never go "off half cocked." When we make a claim we plant it in rich soil of facts, and it don't take long for it to bring forth fruit. Our efforts are telling on our trade. It's growing amazingly.

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Sold on such LIBERAL and EASY terms that every family should have a SINGER Sewing Machine. Directly represented everywhere. FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN ON EVERY MACHINE. Send for Illustrated Price List. Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines 15, 20 and 25 cents per dozen, postage extra. Parts and attachments for the Singer.

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NO. 25 EAST 10th STREET, ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

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We have the Stock, and can and will PLEASE YOU IN PRICES AND QUALITY OF GOODS.

We have the largest stock in this city of Men's and Boy's fine Suits Overcoats, Woolen Underwear, Hats, Shoes, Ties, Scarfs, White Shirts, Flannel Shirts, also Ladies' and Misses' Wraps, Children's Cloaks, Fine Dress Goods, Ladies' Woolen Underwear, Hosiery and Corsets. Also a fine line of

Carpets, Rugs, Trunks, Valises.

Our experience of 20 years in Talladega, Anniston and Gadsden has taught us to know what the people want, the people really want. Paying as we do, for four stores, in large quantities, we buy for less and will give our customers the benefit. Our Motto is,

QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS

All we ask is an inspection. Competent and polite Salesmen will take pleasure in showing you our immense Lines. We can, and will save you money. All we ask is a trial.

ULLMAN BROTHERS, ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

urgently besought by influential friends, not to issue his great message on the tariff for fear it should defeat him for re-election. But he had infinite faith in the justice of his views, and in the ultimate sound judgment of the people; he believed that, though he might be defeated in the coming election, he could ultimately bring the majority of the people together in defense of the people's rights, and so he sent in his message. Henry Clay once said, in defending a position he had previously taken, that he would rather be right than be President. Grover Cleveland acted what Henry Clay spoke. By the power of money and monopoly as well as largely also by reason of the sectional feeling against him because of his appointment of Confederates to office he was defeated. But he brought the Democracy together and, in November last, on the issues of the tariff and the force bill, he carried seats in the Senate and carried the House of Representatives by one hundred and forty majority. Again this fall we have carried Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey and Iowa.

Grover Cleveland has opened to us the pathway to victory in 1892. It is straight and broad—broad enough for all Democrats to walk together therein.

Follow citizens let us all resolve to walk in hand in hand. When the tariff is formed, when sectional prejudices are dead and buried forever a triumphant Democracy will be equal to the task of meeting and solving every other question as the welfare and happiness of the people shall demand.

WHO PAYS THE TARIFF TAX?

How the Plate Glass Combination Fixes Prices.

Next to the duties on window glass, those on polished plate glass are the highest in the McKinley tariff.

In his speech at the Home Market club dinner, a short time ago, Major McKinley repeated the sentence which he has used in all his public utterances, namely, that the tariff cannot possibly be a burden to the people of this country, for, said he, "the foreigner pays the tariff tax, you don't." Let us see whether the facts bear out this assertion.

In 1890 our imports of polished plate glass, unsilvered, were as follows:

	Sq. feet.	Value.	Duty.
Not over 10x15 in.	13,819	\$21,934	9 1/2
10x15 to 12x18 in.	10,350	\$22,773	5 1/2
12x18 to 24x36 in.	25,182	\$51,538	8 1/2
24x36 to 36x48 in.	1,122,609	\$35,053	25 3/4
Above 36x48 in.	47,866	\$62,021	50 1/2
Total	1,220,565	\$917,299	65

We produce each year in the United States about 19,000,000 square feet of polished plate glass. Our imports amount to less than 3,000,000 square feet.

The production of sizes smaller than 24 by 36 inches is only incidental. Manufacturers roll only the larger sizes, the smaller plates being a by-product made from defective or broken large plates. The demand for these small sizes has been greater than the supply, hence considerable quantities have been imported to be used in making small mirrors, office counters, etc. The manufacturers care only for the sizes of glass above 24 by 36 inches, and the duties on these sizes measure the protection which they get from the tariff.

The following shows the net wholesale prices of the larger sizes in France from which our imports come and in the United States:

	Price per ft. in U.S.	Price per ft. in France
24x36 to 24x48 in.	25 3/4	25 3/4
24x48 to 36x48 in.	25 3/4	25 3/4

This shows clearly that the plate glass combination in the United States get out of the tariff all the bonus it allows. The reason why they do not collect the full amount of the duty above the foreign price is because their own glass is inferior to the foreign.

This explains the enormous profits which the combination of plate glass manufacturers make. Nothing will illustrate this better than the history of one of the largest concerns, the Pittsburgh Plate Glass company. Eight years ago this company built its first plant at Creighton, Pa.; five years later it erected a second plant at Tarentum. In 1883 J. E. Ford, a large stockholder in the company, built a plant at Ford City, and sold it to the Pittsburgh Plate Glass company for \$1,500,000, one-half of the payment to be made in bonds and the rest in stock at par. Trouble arose at once, for the other stockholders objected to the payment of \$750,000 in stock at its par value only, since the company's stock was 100 per cent. above par in the open market.

The original capital of the company was \$800,000, which was later increased to \$2,000,000, and when the Ford City works were purchased to \$2,750,000. In spite of this constant increase in capitalization the stock is now worth \$500 per share on a par value of \$100. Last year a dividend of 31 per cent. was declared.

In no industry requiring skilled labor are lower wages paid than in that of plate glass. Just so long as the tariff continues as high as it is, just so long will the combination to fix prices and keep down the wages of labor continue. They will not share the tariff bonus with their workmen, over whom they have complete control. If men will not work in their factories at the wages they choose to pay, "they can go, like I done," as one of the workmen expressed it.

Tariff Shot.

From 1847 to 1891 the United States had a revenue tariff. This is the period to which high protectionists refer as our "free trade" period. It is their hobby to declare that those who favor a reduction of the tariff want to go back to a tariff such as we had then, and then they try to frighten the farmer by claiming that those were disastrous years. Let us see:

From 1847 to 1891 the average price of wheat in New York was \$1.25 per bushel, or

After nearly twenty years of high and prohibitive duties the average price of wheat for the ten years ending with 1893 was only ninety-two cents per bushel, or

During the fourteen years under revenue tariffs from 1847 to 1890 the average net wholesale price of standard cotton sheeting was 7.8 cents per yard, or

For the ten years ending in 1888 under high duties the same sheeting averaged 7.7 cents per yard, or

During the revenue period a bushel of wheat would buy sixteen yards of standard sheeting, or

Under high duties, however, a bushel of wheat would buy less than twelve yards of the same sheeting, or

And yet the high protectionists say that the tariff is a help to the farmer.

When the farmer had no protection combines to support he got a fair price for his produce, but now what ought to be his profits are taken to swell the dividends of tariff protected combines and trusts.

STARVED IN A BIG CITY.

A Heart-rending Story of a New York Man Who Dined with Misfortune.

The instance which I have in mind is that of a man who died in New York after several months of struggling with the world, which ended in his complete collapse. He died in the streets. He was a confederate soldier, a man of pleasing address and of advanced years. I knew him four or five years and during that time he had a constant succession of troubles. He was not of the big, robust and determined type of man who goes half way to meet disaster and fights against it to the bitter end, but was a man of the weaker and more attractive sort. He would leave his work to watch at the bedside of a sick friend and jeopardize his employment for the purpose of aiding any one in distress. This sounds trite enough, but it was the man nevertheless.

The trouble which came upon him was of the character which such a nature cannot withstand. "A daughter, a beautiful girl, whom he loved dearly, went wrong and aged him more in a year than all his experiences had in a decade. She was that curious anomaly, a girl well born and well brought up, who turns in almost a twinkling into a creature absolutely without sympathy, heart or soul. I really think she is the most heartless creature I have ever seen. Then the old soldier's wife became ill, querulous and irritable. She hampered him in a thousand ways. By this time his money had all gone, his wife needed constant nursing, and he gradually got down to a position dependent upon the charity of his friends. He was always at work at something or other, never exhibiting a trace of rebellion against his misfortunes, but struggled on pluckily. The last time I saw him he was in dire straits, and after looking around a little we procured him a position in the newsstand of one of the hotels, through the kindness of a well known politician. He was there, I believe, a month.

He attended to his duties faithfully for three weeks or so; then his wife died, and a few days afterward he broke down completely. It turned out afterward that he had nursed her at night after he attended to his duties at the newsstand all day. This broke down a constitution which had already been subjected to a very serious strain. He, too, was put out of his house—landladies must live, of course—and he wandered about the streets until he died of exposure and hunger. This occurred right in New York, where he knew dozens of men, any one of whom would have aided him.

I suppose that a good many people wonder why he did not ask his friends for assistance in this last extremity. It does not seem natural that a man should die of the horrible torture of hunger when he could have eased himself by an appeal to his friends, but knowing the man as I did, I can understand that he had become so broken in spirit that he preferred the death which he knew would relieve it all rather than try and prolong the struggle. When misfortune crowded upon him so heavily he actually reached a point where he welcomed any sort of relief—even death.—Blackly Hall in Brooklyn Eagle.

Screenmaking.

In screen making it is a good idea to secure your frame first, or at least to plan for it to make the screen to be mounted of a size that will fit a frame to be found in the market. Failing to do this, one has often to nearly double the expense by having a frame made to order, and perhaps to spoil new work by cutting down the panels. The frame of the screen and the subject treated must be considered as carefully with its relation to the room as any other piece of furniture.

For instance, a picture frame in gold and white with various figures and landscapes on a light silk, canvas would be strikingly out of place in a dining room or other apartment furnished in dark tones and with massive furniture. Its place would properly be in a Louis XV drawing room or boudoir.

The canvas of ribbed silk used for mounting screens painted in tapestry dyes is sold at eight dollars a yard. It is fifty inches wide and comes in white and cream.—New York Post.

Two English Words in Ireland.

An example of "English as who is spoke" in Ireland is the word "allow," which, in the north at any rate, is universally applied so as not only to perplex but often to greatly irritate the Baxon visitor. "Allow" means "advice," and so the phrase, "I don't allow you to do that," so far from being in any sense a prohibition, is merely an expression conveying the inadvisability of the proposed action in the opinion of the speaker.

"Green" again, is a word that may be cited as having gained a fresh meaning from its sojourn in the "Green Isle." It has not lost its old meaning; it is still used to denote a road lined with houses, or a row of houses; but you will also hear a "street" spoken of when houses are few and far between. Then it denotes the space before the door of a house, or more probably the space between the back or kitchen door and the farm buildings. So, when on calling at a country house or cottage you are told the owner is "up the street," you infer, not that he has gone to the neighboring town, perhaps miles away, but that he is somewhere close at hand, most likely in the back yard.—London Tit-Bits.

Whitewash for Cellars.

Very few cellars are kept more than "broom clean," and there must be some refuse always left in the vegetable bins and other portions of it. Hence the systematic use of some disinfectant like whitewash is here obvious, as the atmosphere of the cellar penetrates more or less into all parts of the house above it.—New York Tribune.

GETTING HELP.

Terrible Mistake Made, by a Father and Loving Mother in Training a Child.

Margaret Paget was a young girl of no especial mental force, nor of the other kind, of any decided stupidity, who was blessed if one way or another, it is in this case, with a mother of exceptional ability. The mother had written many brilliant literary papers.

Margaret's father was dead. When the child went to school her mother began to perform her tasks for her. As the time went by, therefore, the girl became more and more dependent upon her mother. Through the failure to develop her own powers she seemed to be able to do nothing on her own account.

All this of course left Margaret very ill grounded in all her studies, and reflected upon her standing in her examinations, so that she made slow progress. At last the mother ashamed to see her lag behind, took her out of school and made a weak pretense of instructing her at home.

Margaret was pretty and amiable, and when she had become eighteen years old her hand was asked in marriage by a worthy young man. The mother, who was of a conventional sort, and as the young man lived at some distance, a correspondence was begun, of course under the eye of the mother.

It was then that the mother realized how defective her daughter's education had been. She was unable to write a creditable letter. Her messages, as she showed them to her mother, were ill thought, ill expressed, even ill spelled.

"This will never do," said the mother. She began to dictate her daughter's responses to the letters of the young man to whom she was betrothed. Her own wit and felicity of expression characterized them, and the young man was charmed. Once embarked upon such a course of deceit, the mother dared not make a confession. The young man himself was an excellent writer, and his letters spurred the mother to her most brilliant efforts as a correspondent.

After this charming correspondence the young people were married. Neither the mother nor the daughter dared confess the fraud. Neither had "moral much" at the beginning, but both had gone very deep into a course of deception.

The young husband was soon astonished to find that his wife was an ignorant person, incapable of writing even a sensible letter. He questioned her sharply and she confessed her fault.

"I cannot always do things for me," she said helplessly.

The husband found his wife also incapable of writing for a housewife. She was quite content to let her husband live with her, though the husband, having had so forcible a lesson as to her deceitfulness, could only regard her with suspicion and dislike.

The marriage was an unhappy one. The whole lives of two young people had been utterly spoiled by this tendency on the part of a mother to spare her child unpleasant tasks and deprive her of the nourishing inspiring work and tear of self help.—Youth's Companion.

Where to French Singletree.

It is quite philosophical to "advocate plain habits of living, plain clothes and simple desires as preconditions of the greatest satisfaction in life, but to a man born when this century was about to reach the half way point, to a man who has lived in this century all his life, to be told to an American of today, the argument is a good deal of a bore. One day among the shop windows of any city in the United States, or at least in the United States, you will find the noise and jingle of any busy street in any city between the two oceans, will convince any unimpaired man that the place to place the simple, humble singletree is away out on some prairie, or in the midst of some grand old forest, where nature has the best end of things.—Detroit Free Press.

HANDLING NITROGLYCERINE.

An Old Oil Well Shutter Talks of Some of the Narrow Escapes.

The most thrilling call I ever had to realize it, was one day when the 12 county field was new. I was coming down there one early winter day. The snow had fallen just enough to make the rough road icy in places, and going around a sharp descent, I saw a steep hill very near to sliding.

The road was narrow, and on the lower side was a steep bank. I was driving quite briskly, and as I rounded the turn I felt the wheels slide on the bank. I realized the danger and my hair rose. I had 120 quarts of nitro-glycerin on the wagon, and down the bank was fifty forty feet. I felt the hind wheel going, and in the brief moment before the whole thing upset I imagined all sorts of things.

We rolled together, wagon, box and yours truly landing at the foot of the hill and got a hair of us harmed. I got the wagon out, carried the glycerin up and loaded it on again and drove on. The delay, together with more careful driving, caused night to overtake me, and just as the first shades fell I encountered the same sort of place again. I went around slowly. The hind wheels began to slip again. I stopped right there. I was afraid to repeat the dose.

My hind wheels had gone a little over the edge of the bank, and I attempted to lift them back. I could not budge the heavy load. Then I crawled me to the wagon. I then I moved the weight. I made a final effort, and she yielded, but I received an injury from the lift from which I have never recovered.

One day I was putting a 120 quart shot in a well and had run down the first shaft. The balance stood in the derrick. When the first shaft was down about 600 feet it exploded. I understood the situation, and comprehending that I could not get far enough away to do any good if the shock should explode the battery in the derrick I yelled to the other men about the engine house to run. A shower of stones

and hemlock went up in the sky, and I jumped behind a convenient hemlock stump, where I fell flat on the ground. Then I recollected that a sudden explosion would go for the ground, that I might be killed by the concussion, and I rose on my finger tips and toes. Fortunately the glycerin in the derrick didn't let go, and the only damage was to the derrick, which had its whole top blown off.

One day in the spring I was filling a shell in the derrick. It was one of those days when ice freezes freely at night and thaws in daytime. The pulley on top of the derrick had been broken with ice from the sand pump line. The warm sun thawed it, and while I was industriously filling a shell something dropped k-biff in front of my nose. The suddenness of the thing started me so I could scarcely hold the can. I thought the confounded stuff had exploded and I was blown up. That was the worst I was ever scared in my life. A piece of ice had dropped from the pulley at the top of the derrick. A foot closer and I wouldn't be telling you about it. The story would have been in the paper the next day with big headlines.—Interview in Bradford (Pa.) Era.

LIGHTHOUSE HUNTING.

The Intermittent Light Serves to Show the Game to the Hunter.

Not only is Saugor island beacon light of great use to our pilots as they take their bearings in and out through the intricate channels leading between the rearing breakers on the sands, but it also serves the purposes of the sportsmen, employees of the lighthouse and the telegraph office in procuring fresh supplies of good venison when perhaps the stores of provision in their larder have run low, but which they would not so readily get were the light fixed and necessarily a much dummer one, instead of a flashing one.

This light oscillates over a considerable area and throws a concentrated beam across the roadstead about every half minute, which is of sufficient brightness to throw the shadow of one's hand against the cabin bulkhead even off in the roads at a distance of two and a half to three miles. Now in the dry season of the year, when all the rain water pools have dried up and the salt water from the sea contaminates all the water of the tidal creeks, the deer, hogs and tigers, with which all these low lying Sunderbund islands abound, get hard pressed for drinking water, and consequently are not slow to descend the waterworks of the reserve tanks which have been dug in the vicinity of the station.

So the lighthouse people, taking advantage of this fact, do a little better after nightfall, and for that purpose have built a small hiding place in the shape of a loopholed mud hut on the eastern side of the tank, the tank being between them and the sea, and the lighthouse being some 400 yards off. The hut is just large enough for two men to stoop themselves away in, and the darker the night the better for their purposes. This deer, though naturally timid animals, soon get used to the regular bright flash of the beacon, and as the reflectors swing around and around, and with cautious tread they bend their way generally toward the far edge of the tank.

Meanwhile the two occupants of the hut are on the alert, and as they observe their prey approach hardly dare draw a breath for fear of the smallest sound alarming them, for the deer have very acute hearing. Their guns are gripped and ready, and their eyes are eagerly catching the deer's cautious advance toward the tank each time the well timed flash lights up the dark bodies. It means the long coveted draft and stretchers forth its neck, but just as its finished lips are dipping into the cool water there is another flash from the light.

Now is the moment for action, and just as the third creature raises its head to stare at the light two triggers are pulled, and ere the quickly recurring dark period has had time to swing around again, and the echoes of the cannon roars have had time to come from the ship at anchor, while the deer of smoke steadily away over the low jungle scrub, the next flash of the light discloses the form of a fine spotted deer stretched lifeless on the grass by the edge of the clear water which had lured it to its fate. Sometimes hogs, and, but very rarely, even a tiger, put in an appearance to be bagged in like manner.—Calcutta Asian.

A Bishop's Asseveration.

A remark is attributed to Dr. Phillips, bishop of Exeter, which illustrates the bitterly antagonistic attitude of certain Anglicans toward nonconformists. On a certain occasion one of his clerics was lamenting to him the unpopularity of Mr. Spurgeon. "Oh, bishop," he exclaimed, "if we only had Mr. Spurgeon! What a pity the Baptists have him!" "Is it not written," the bishop replied, with some severity, "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's wife?"—San Francisco Argonaut.

Danger in Cold Baths.

The coldest natures take the hottest baths and are not overfetched by them. It is blood heated by youth or the fire of full life which likes the cool dip or spray, but beware how you have to hurry yourself to endure it. A cold bath may be a risky experiment. The rule that cold bathing is safe when followed by good reaction is not wholly sound. I recall a woman who used to take baths of the coldest well water daily and found great refreshment from them, who afterward charged weakness of the heart and general debility to this excessive stimulus.

Dr. Sheenmaker says all the persons he has known who boasted of breaking a skin of ice to take their baths died early, yet doubtless they felt good reaction at the time. It is doubtful if any grown person, allowed free choice, ever persisted in cold bathing which followed by good reaction is not wholly sound. I recall a woman who used to take baths of the coldest well water daily and found great refreshment from them, who afterward charged weakness of the heart and general debility to this excessive stimulus.

NEW LONDON IN WAR.

The Strategic Value of a Connecticut City in the Defense of New York.

Navy officers who have studied the region have often and urgently pressed upon their department the importance of developing the station at New London and making it efficient. One must admire their energy and faithfulness in continuing to lay before their superiors the vital importance of strengthening this strategic base in the outer defense of New York in the face of long continued pigeonholing of reports. Their anxiety is not unfounded because plain when we consider that Great Britain has a powerful station at Halifax, from which, if so disposed, she could hurl her thunderbolts of maritime war upon this unprotected spot at very short notice, precisely as she could strike our South Atlantic coast from the Bahamas. She may never even wish to do either thing, but isn't it rather foolish to remain unprepared for the blow when we have ample resources for establishing a guard against it?

The amount of trade that passes through Long Island sound coastwise is hardly conceived of by the majority of citizens. It amounts to a great many million dollars' worth a year, and all this trade could be paralyzed by a quick stroke from a foreign navy. In 1880 the entire munitions of war manufactured in the United States amounted to \$11,000,000. Of this total, \$9,000,000 worth was manufactured in Connecticut alone. A foreign fleet in the sound, therefore, would be able to deprive us of our main source of munitions without even attempting to attack New York.

Cutting off a city's supply of air and what would it matter whether that city surrendered or not? Shut off from New York in war time nine elevenths of the material it needed for war and it would be as helpless as a city without air to breathe. But this is not all. An enemy in the sound could cut at New London and again at New Haven, the chief lines of land communication and railroad transportation between New England and New York.

If of the loss which would thus be caused a small percentage were now to be promptly applied to building up New York's outer line of defense, with a strong navy yard at New London as its base, the whole cost would be defrayed in a few years without inconvenience to any one. A time of action, while our battle ships and cruisers patrolled the Race or engaged the enemy, with support from the forts, our monitors, emerging from New London, would lurk safe behind Fisher's island, prepared to assist; for there again, on the north face, nature favors us with the sheltered waters of Hay harbor and West harbor. In case of injury, vessels could quickly run into New London, and repair at the navy yard. Thus, while the surroundings and topography are not the same as those of the entrance to the Mediterranean, we should still have what might well be called "an American Gibraltar," quite as invulnerable as the stronghold at the pillars of Hercules, and much greater in range.

Boston can be equipped effectively to defend herself; and Newport also, if fortified, is in a position to ward off an enemy. But neither of these, by so doing, can help to defend New York. New England advantages are utilized, can repel any attack on New York from the east, and thereby relieve the metropolis from dread in that quarter. It is well, it is indispensable, to protect New York from assaults by way of the Narrows. But what will it avail to bar that small front door if the broad rear entrance through the sound be left undefended?—G. F. Lathrop in Harper's Weekly.

A Chance for a Fortune.

There survive in this city a few hard cork cutters who still contrive to make a sort of living in competition with the cork cutting machines and the peasants of Catalonia. One of these men hangs out a curious sign in an east side street. It is a glass case containing the model of a house all of cork. It is possibly the house that Jack built, for there are bits of cork to simulate the bugs of grain. The factory is a shed in the rear of an ordinary dwelling house. Here, with the aid of some simple machinery, the cork cutter manages to eke out an existence. His chief grievances are the competition of machinery and the problem of disposing of the waste.

Light as cork is, tons of clippings accumulate, and although various uses have been discovered for this refuse, it brings little or nothing when sold, and constantly accumulates to the embarrassment of the corkcutter. There is a comfortable little fortune for the man who shall devise some really profitable use for cork clippings.—New York Sun.

Improved Fruits of the Future.

It seems probable that the list of seedless fruits will be materially lengthened, provided our experimental horticulturists make use of the material at their command. The common fruits which have very few or no seeds are the banana, pineapple and certain oranges. Others mentioned by Mr. Darwin as well known are the breadfruit, pomogranate, azarole or Neapolitan medlar and date palms.

In commenting upon these fruits, Mr. Darwin says that most horticulturists "look at the great size and anomalous development of the fruit as the cause and sterility as the result," but he holds the opposite view as more probable—that is, that the sterility, coming about gradually, leaves free for other growth the abundant supply of building material which the forming seed would otherwise have.

He admits, however, that "there is an antagonism between the two forms of reproduction, by seeds and by buds, when either is carried to an extreme degree, which is independent of any independent sterility." Professor G. L. Goodale in Popular Science Monthly.

QUEER TELEGRAPH MESSAGES.

The Pathetic and the Ridiculous in the Operator's Experience.

Probably it is the sense of the incongruous that takes effect, but it is certain that death messages are more often ridiculous than any others. Surely it was a trifling and sympathetic child who wired, "Mamma kicked yesterday," will try to make burial Monday, and the number of people who do not hesitate to make funeral arrangements while the prospective corpse is still alive is simply astounding. "We are all well

but Sam, and he died yesterday," was probably indicative only of the sender's desire to break the news gently—not of any fears for "Sam's" future happiness. And it is scarcely to be supposed that any ghostly visitation indeed the communication, "Your mother is dead and wants you to come home."

"Just send five to help me; am starving by telegraph," was the cry of one impecunious soul, and the wonder has been since as to the exact method of procedure in a case of "starving by telegraph."

Another source of amusement to the telegraph operator is in the curious names which come up in the course of business. When Mrs. "Whetstone" and Mrs. "Primstone" send telegrams in one day the question arises as to their possible relationship, and whether Mr. "Morningstar" and Mr. "Winter-night" are neighbors might be an interesting discussion.

Mr. "Raspberry Smith" gives internal evidence of Afro-American nomenclature, and "Gooseberry" is, beyond all dispute, the name of a colored family. Mr. "Richwine" and Mr. "Cashier" might easily be Germans, but the nationality of the "Bor" and the "Goodhams" would be hard to guess. Even "Humbird" comes in occasionally, and "Bossard" is too suggestive to be pleasant.

In offices where the operator must be also the receiving clerk many odd incidents occur to enliven the routine of business. An old colored man went, panting, into a telegraph office once and indicated his desire to telegraph a small package that he held in his hand. He met with blank disbelief all the statements to the effect that such a thing could not be done, and persisted in his request. "It's just got to go!" he exclaimed. "They're my wife's teeth. She went off and forgot 'em, and I've got to get 'em to her on the next train." After some ten minutes' discussion it was a sadder and wiser old man who shuffled slowly out of the office.—Washington Post.

A WONDERFUL PARROT.

He Learned to Press the Button and Give the Flimsy Various Orders.

A gentleman who has returned from Mexico, and who brought with him a parrot which he purchased in Vera Cruz, has been very much astonished at some tricks which that bird has learned during the few days he has been in the house. The bird's owner, Colonel Howard Johnson, occupies a beautiful residence in the suburbs, and Joeko has from the first shown the liveliest interest in all his surroundings. It was very soon found that he could not be allowed his liberty in Mrs. Johnson's room, as he at once formed a terrible antipathy to a beautiful panther skin rug, in which the head is remarkably lifelike, and the moment he was released he would make for the rug and begin biting savagely at its eyes and nose. He escaped from his cage one day and almost demolished the nose of the rug, and after that he was chained to his perch.

It happened that for several days in succession the perch stood by the wall, close beside the electric bell. When Mrs. Johnson touched the button, Joeko took notes, with his head on one side and a most inquiring air, when the servant appeared immediately afterward Joeko gave a faint performance several times it was found that Joeko began to see some connection between the button and the servant.

He spent a great deal of time studying the button, running his beak softly around it, and apparently communing with himself, his mistress watching him meanwhile, highly amused at his cleverness. At last, whether accidentally or otherwise, Joeko discovered the connection and pressed the button. The next moment a servant appeared, and the little schemer straightened up and said with great gravity, "Joeko's hungry." His mistress smiled at laughter and the servant's astonishment did not in the least discompose him. He had rung for what he wanted, and he insisted on having it.

The scheme worked well, to Joeko's manifest delight. He rang the bell again before half an hour, and remarked to the servant who answered the call: "Well, you are a daisy! Joeko wants water!"

Colonel Johnson is so delighted with his bird's accomplishment that he invited some friends in to witness it last night. Joeko was delighted to sulk at first, but finally brightened up, and was soon working at the button. When the servant entered Joeko poised himself on one foot, swung his body to and fro in a most affected way, and exclaimed: "Hello, Tom, is that you? Bring in another bottle of wine, will you?"

Colonel Johnson, be it understood, is a church member, and his minister was present, and the colonel insists that Joeko caught this trick before he came into his hands.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

What He Hoped.

Mr. De Brute—My wife has a dog which knows a hundred different tricks. Wouldn't you like to have him?

Showman—Indeed I would. Is he for sale?

"No."

"Won't she sell him at any price?"

"No."

"Then why do you speak to me about him?"

"I was in hopes maybe you would steal him."—Good News.

Sketches.

Churchill (showing friend his pen and ink sketches)—What do you think of them, Gasset?

Gasset—They are good—very good. But I know a fellow who can draw an eagle without lifting his pen from the paper. He is a professor in a business college.—Harper's Bazar.

Finet.

"That's a fine hotel!"

"Why that sarcastic tone?"

"They charged me corkage on a bottle of puregory for my baby."—Harper's Bazar.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

"ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY."

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DEC. 26, 1891.

VOLUME 55.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ACHE

Read What Capt. James H. Savage Has to Say of Baker's Blood and Liver Cure.

TESTIMONIAL.

My brother, Dr. F. F. Savage, of Leadville, Ala., has been afflicted with scrofula of the blood, all his life, but able to work till about five years ago; the disease then broke out in great sores on his face, neck, and chest, and he was unable to work. He was treated by all the doctors of this section of country for two years, and also by Dr. W. F. Woodworth, of Atlanta, Ga., who only held the disease in check, without any prospect of cure, and so pronounced him incurable. In this condition he lay in his room for three months. So offensive was the stench you could not enter his room, especially in warm weather, and it was decided by doctors and all that saw him, that it was only a matter of time when the disease would claim him.

In August, 1888, I heard that Dr. Baker's Blood and Liver Cure had cured one of my neighbors, Mr. J. D. Braswell, of a bad case of scrofula. I at once procured a bottle of the medicine and gave it to my brother. About the first of November, 1888, all sores disappeared, and although I used every means to make it break out again, I failed. My brother, by degrees, began to grow in flesh, and he continued to improve in health and strength, until to-day he is stout and in better health than ever before in his life. No sign of the disease has reappeared for over six months. I am perfectly satisfied that the cure was permanent, and I would recommend all persons afflicted with scrofula or skin diseases to try Baker's Blood and Liver Cure. It is a pure vegetable preparation. I have said much, and could say more, for this medicine, and without any solicitation, but alone for suffering humanity, that my brother is as sound as a dollar today, and it is the money of the worth of Dr. Baker's Blood and Liver Cure.

ANTIMIGRAINE ACURE THE HEADACHES.

TRIPLE DOSE YOUR DRUGGIST HAS IT.

BROTHERS, WILLET & WILLET.

Jas. S. Kelly.

Notary Public and Ex-Officio.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Training of Teachers.

Diploma received at graduation is a life certificate.

MONEY

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Of Louisiana Adopts a Platform and Nominates a Ticket.

BATON ROUGE, Dec. 21.—The Democratic state convention has finished its work. The committee on resolutions submitted their report, which was adopted. The platform refers to the victory of the Democracy in the congressional elections, regarding it as a prospect of victory in the presidential election; denounces the bolt of the anti-suffrage threatening to again subject the state to African rule; expresses the friendship of the Democracy for the farmer and laborer, and pledges them relief when in full control of the government and urges an abandonment of the third party policy; asks the continuance of federal aid for the Mississippi river; reaffirms opposition to monopoly and class legislation; denounces the attempt to mislead election machinery at the elections in April and instructed the new central committee to take measures to prevent such misuses; takes responsibility for the failure to settle the lottery question by white primary on the anti-suffrage; and the new state central committee to use every effort to bring about a settlement by such means at some time in the future.

The convention then nominated candidates for state officers. The ticket complete is as follows: Governor, S. D. McEnery, of Ouachita; lieutenant governor, Robert O. Wickliffe, of West Feliciana; secretary of state, F. M. Mason, of Concordia; treasurer, Gabriel M. Tenu, of Terrebonne; superintendent of public education, J. V. Calhoun, of Orleans; attorney general, E. W. Sullivan, of De Soto; auditor, O. B. Steele, of Union.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

A Young Man Murdered by His Sweetheart's Father.

BAIRDIDGE, Ga., Dec. 21.—News has reached this city of a double tragedy on the Florida and Alabama line, near Neal's landing, on the Chattahoochee river. A man by the name of Holloway, who bore a bad reputation, owned a saw mill and grogshop. He accused a young man by the name of Ely with improper advances to his daughter, and getting up a mob, they seized Ely and shot him to death. They then buried Ely's body under a pile of lumber near the mill, where it was found the next day. When the fact became known the officers, with a posse of citizens, went to arrest Holloway and his gang. They were met by a mob, and a fight ensued. Holloway was killed, and his gang escaped. Miss Holloway denies that Ely was guilty of her father's charges, and says that she and Ely were to be married in a few days. She further says that her father had been seeking an excuse to kill him for some time to prevent the marriage.

A Little Girl Badly Burned.

ATLANTA, Dec. 21.—The little 20-month-old girl of Mr. Jack Duffey of 134 Fraser street, was painfully burned Sunday morning. Mr. Duffey and his wife were out in town raising a subscription for a sick man. The little girl was left at home with Mrs. Mahaffey, his grandmother, and his uncle, Mr. W. L. Mahaffey. Mrs. Mahaffey was in the dining room when she heard the little girl in the sitting room screaming as if she was being burned. She rushed to her and found her in a mass of flames. The grandmother grabbed the child in her arms and screamed herself, attracting the attention of her mother-in-law. The little girl is badly burned on her right side, and is suffering great pain, but in no danger. No one knows how it caught, unless it got hold of a match and scratched it, and its clothes caught from that.

Policeman and Longshoreman.

SATYANAH, Dec. 21.—Dennis Garrigan, a white longshoreman, was shot and fatally wounded by Police Officer Kavanaugh. The shooting grew out of the enforcement of the Sunday selling ordinance. The officer was on special duty in citizens' clothes, looking out for the violation of the law, and got into a dispute with Garrigan, which resulted in a fight. Kavanaugh assaulted Garrigan, while the dying man declares that the officer made the first attack. Garrigan's friends, after the shooting, tried to kill the policeman and almost precipitated a riot. The reserve squad of police had to be called to suppress the disorder. Kavanaugh is in prison and Garrigan will die before morning.

Kept from the Lynches.

BRISTOL, Tenn., Dec. 21.—News has reached here that a man named Barker committed a diabolical deed on a little white girl, 7 years old, living in Monticello, Washington county, Va. The brute was arrested and brought before his victim for identification. The father of the outraged child hit him with a stick and he was left for dead. This kept the wretch from being lynched. Early in the morning large numbers of people from the town and the surrounding country began to gather at the jail and in order that the law might take its course, the officers placed the prisoner on the train and brought him to Bristol, and from thence to Abingdon, where he was placed in jail.

Will Not Come to America.

ALBANY, Dec. 21.—It is stated on good authority that diplomatic relations will shortly be re-established with America. Baron Fava will not be returned to Washington, but a diplomatic post, and some other diplomat will be sent to Washington.

Five Fishermen Drowned.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The fishing boat Osprey has foundered in the Tay. Her crew of five men were drowned.

NEWS DISPATCHES CONDENSED.

An Epitome of Happenings from Every Section.

John Hony has proposed a settlement with the Adams Express company. Cyrus W. Field is rapidly sinking. Dr. Fuller says he has lost all hope of his ultimate recovery.

Several hundred negroes in Georgia and the Carolinas are preparing to take their leave for Africa.

Judge David B. Culbertson of Texas, has announced himself a candidate for United States senator.

John L. Ferguson, bookkeeper in the National bank of Kansas City, has been arrested and sent to jail for embezzling \$20,000 from the bank.

Secretary Blaine has announced the conclusion of a commercial reciprocity agreement between the United States and all the British West Indian islands and British Guiana.

The United States steamship Charleston arrived at Honolulu, Dec. 21. It is on her way east from China. She will await orders, and it is expected that her next move will be to Chili.

At St. Peter, Minn., Mrs. Mary Miller, on trial for the murder of her divorced husband on Aug. 28 last, was acquitted by the jury on the ground of insanity. She will be sent to the asylum.

An Italian sailor who killed a man aboard the bark Manuele Mainetto took possession of the hold and defied the crew on the voyage from St. Helena to London, for a month. He was arrested at the dock.

A Cape May special says that Rev. E. S. Town, pastor of the Seaville Baptist church, was found dead in his bed at Goshen, where he had preached the evening before. The cause of his death has not yet been ascertained.

A Rome dispatch states that when Sir Aubrey Herbert, British minister in France, visited the United States came up in the chamber of deputies the chamber, on the demand of Premier Rudini, declined to discuss the matter.

A Paris dispatch states that M. Patenotte, the successor to M. Roustan as French minister to the United States, has started for Washington. He bears special instructions in regard to the attitude of France toward the Chicago World's fair.

A Cleveland special says that two weeks from London the world's assembly will convene, and in view of that fact the senatorial fight is waxing hotter every day. The friends of both Senator Sherman and ex-governor Foraker appear to be very confident.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: Professor R. M. Ramsey, a few years ago principal of an east Tennessee academy, near Sweetwater, committed suicide here by jumping from the middle span of the county bridge into the Tennessee river. Despondency was the cause of the act.

A New Haven special says that Daniel Hand, the philanthropist, was principally given to the American Missionary association for education of colored people in the southern states, was the first of the country a few years ago, died in California, his birthplace, of old age. He was 90 years old last July.

A Dublin dispatch says: Mr. Michael Davitt, who it was announced would take the place of Mr. Keane as the McCarthy candidate for the vacant seat in the House of Commons, has been elected to the vacant seat by a large majority.

A Oklahoma City, Ok., special says: The statehood convention, composed of delegates from the Oklahoma and Indian territories, met here to discuss the question of statehood for the Oklahoma and Indian Territories. There was a large and enthusiastic attendance, but nothing was done beyond electing officers of the convention.

A Washington special says that Secretary Blaine has received a message from United States Minister Egan at Santiago, Chile, but refuses positively to say anything about it. It is understood to convey the substance of the conversation between the Chilean minister of foreign affairs, on the recent utterances of the president and the secretary of the navy in regard to the Valparaiso incident.

A Knoxville, Tenn., special says: Henry Spencer and Nathaniel Murrell, two aged men, who were long residents of Johnson City, are mysteriously missing and all efforts of their friends to find them have been futile. The men did not leave each other and their relatives fear they have been foully dealt with.

A London dispatch says: Jane Wade, sister of the late John Wade, of the firm of Bawtree, Dawney & Curson, Colchester, which suspended payment was so distressed at the news of the suspension of the firm that she became mentally irresponsible. While in this state she committed suicide by hanging herself.

A Deadwood, S. D., special says that Hand Lovett and his partner, two noted cattle and horse thieves, who have made a life a burden to the stockmen for the past five years, have been shot by cowboys. This makes four thieves lately within seventy-five miles of here shot. Cattle owners are determined to stop this kind of work.

At Liverpool Shearson and Crawford, the two partners who were found guilty of murdering Dawson, another boy, have been sent to the Catholic reformatory, their ages precluding the infliction of capital punishment upon them. Shearson is only 3 years of age, and Crawford, his companion in crime, is only 9. Dawson, their victim, was about 8 years of age.

A Columbus, O., special says: Governor Campbell announced that, having examined so far as he deemed necessary the records in the case of the state against Fitzgerald, the Youngstown murderer, he declined to interfere, and Fitzgerald will be executed next Friday morning. He has been placed in the death cell and is closely watched to prevent his suicide.

An Anderson, Ind., special says there was a revolt in the graduating class of the high school against Prof. J. B. Pierce, and the result was that three of the graduates were expelled. The pupils took offense at Prof. Pierce's way of conducting them because their examinations were not up to the standard. It is claimed that he informed the class that it would be better for them to go to work on the sewer or take a job in the bolt works. The young ladies became indignant and "sassed" the professor, whereupon he expelled them.

WILD SHOOTING.

A Maniac Routs a Shooting House With a Revolver.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—Michael Harvey, 34 years old, a bouncer at 183 Van Dyke street, south Brooklyn, became suddenly insane and shot John Connerston, Sam Dickerson and Mamie Dickerson. Catherine Duffy jumped from a second story window to escape him and broke her ankle. John Connerston and Sam Dickerson were dangerously injured and were taken to the hospital. They may die. Mamie Dickerson was shot in the arm. After shooting others Harvey placed the muzzle of a revolver in his mouth and pulled the trigger. The top of his head was blown off. John Connerston died before reaching the hospital. Only two days ago Harvey was discharged by the Flatbush insane asylum as cured and immediately went to board with Mrs. Duffy at 183 Van Dyke street. The family live on the second floor of a four story tenement.

Shortly after noon while at dinner, the crazy fit came suddenly upon Harvey again. He jumped from the table, ran to a bureau and snatched from an open drawer a thirty-two caliber British bulldog revolver, and began firing into the crowd at the table. The first shot struck John Connerston in the head, and in less than five minutes he was dead. A second bullet laid Sam Dickerson low. Young Dickerson and Mamie Dickerson, of 583 Clinton street, had come on a visit to Mrs. Duffy. Dickerson was shot through the right arm by a window and, before the maniac could fire again, jumped out. Miss Dickerson's turn came next. The crazy assassin's bullet bored a hole in her right hand. She ran out in the hallway, crying "murder." Mrs. Duffy, who was in the next room, hearing the shots and cries, and suspecting the truth, jumped out of a window at once and sprained her ankle in the fall. Being then alone, the maniac turned the weapon on himself.

ENDED HER EXTORTIONS.

The Tragic Killing of a Woman by a Debt Collector.

DETROIT, Dec. 19.—John L. Herig, a painter 60 years old, walked into the Central police station and stated that he had killed a woman at his house, 227 East Fort street. The police went to the house, and in a little dark rear bedroom found the body of Kate Freeman, a notorious woman, 30 years of age. She had been shot back of the right ear and death was instantaneous. On her body, half covered by her hand, was found a 22-caliber revolver, containing, however, no cartridges. Herig's wife died a year ago last November. Then, according to the police, he came to the house and lived with the Freeman woman. He became infatuated with her and since that time she has by threats and otherwise extorted over \$1,000 from him.

A short while before the shooting she came to his house and demanded from him \$75 and also a gold watch and some clothes that had belonged to his wife. He gave her, but refused to give up the money. Then, according to the police, she drew a revolver and threatened to shoot him, firing one shot. She was kneeling before a trunk in the room and he stepped up and shot her in the head. After killing her he replaced in the trunk the articles he had given the woman and, with a silk scarf worn by his wife, he wiped the blood from her face and kissed her. When his son Frank entered the house Herig was preparing to kill himself, but his son induced him to give himself up to the police.

"YELPING JIM."

A Man With a Peculiar Affliction "Whoops" in Court.

WOOSTER, O., Dec. 19.—The attorneys, the court and jurors in court of common pleas have had before them in a criminal proceeding for the past few days a witness whose story on the stand was alike an affliction to himself and all who heard him. The man is known as "Yelping Jim," or James Miller of Franklin township. Miller, who is now a man of about 50 years, has since childhood been afflicted with a peculiar nervous affection, although a stout, hearty man. At intervals from one minute to three minutes his head will give a jerk, and the mouth will open with a loud howl that under ordinary circumstances would be regarded as a howl. During his story on the witness stand his nervous temperament was necessarily strained, with the result that the "yells" or "whoops" came with greater force, so that the jury could be heard through the dense building.

Miller has spent a great deal of money in trying to be cured or delivered of his singular trouble, but without avail. He has never been outside of the county but a few times, for the reason that his yelling was continually getting him into trouble. Every policeman that he would meet would imagine that he was hilariously full, and arrest him for disorderly conduct. He was never locked up or fined, as he always happened to have some person with him who would explain to the authorities his trouble. He suffers no inconvenience from the trouble, he says, only when excited, then the jerking of the head causes him pain.

Raising Cabbages.

ADEL, Ga., Dec. 19.—Mr. E. W. Rutland has 16,000 cabbage plants on less than three acres of land that he expects to realize 6 cents per head, from next spring, which will be \$300 per acre after expenses paid. This will show what Berrien county soil will do in the way of gardening, and that right in Adel. Another demonstration of profit is what Mr. John Harnage who gathered 100 bushels of potatoes from 1/2 acre of land, and that the first year's cultivation. At this rate one acre would produce 435 bushels, and potatoes would readily sell for 30 cents per bushel, which would yield a profit of about two hundred dollars per acre.

PEOPLE ARE PERISHING.

Great Distress in the Famished Stricken Districts of Mexico.

SAN ANTONIO, Dec. 18.—Reliable advice from Mexico indicate that the half has not been told of the distress in the famished stricken districts. In the states of Chihuahua, Durango and portions of Coahuila thousands are on the point of starvation. This is true of all the lower classes not fortunate enough to be peoned masters for scant subsistence. Beggars throng the streets of every village and city imploring aid. In many places they have sacked the homes of the more fortunate, and robbery and murder have been resorted to to secure means of sustaining life. In the city of Durango the government has under a relief movement. Corn is sold at \$2.50 per bushel, exact cost, which on account of the short supply, is dispensed according to the number in a family. Speculators sell corn for \$3 and \$7 per bushel. This relief movement is of no benefit to those with no money to buy, who are in the majority, and they must perish by the thousands if some broader plan of assistance is not speedily inaugurated. The mortality has been alarming among this class, if not from actual starvation, at least caused by hardship and lack of necessities. Another order was received here from the Durango state officials for 200,000 bushels of corn, and it is estimated that 1,000,000 bushels will be required before spring. The corn is holed by Mexicans, and through a crude native process, is converted into a form of panacea. The Mexican national government is being urged to render assistance to the sufferers, but has thus far done nothing but provide troops to keep the starving people from sacking the towns.

A CURIOUS STORY.

That Is a Story—If True It Is Rather Strange.

JUNCTION CITY, Tex., Dec. 18.—A curious circumstance is greatly agitating the colored people of this vicinity, and even puzzling the whites who have been investigating the matter. The circumstance referred to is the nightly tolling of a large bell which seems by its sound to be suspended over what is called Freedmen's Town, about a mile and a half from this place, and which is composed entirely of colored residents. The bell begins its solemn dirge every night about 10 or 11 o'clock, and continues ringing until 2 or 3 in the morning. This tolling is believed by the colored people to be of supernatural origin, and to presage some disaster to the race, many asserting that to be the destruction of the world. A religious revival has been the result, the entire settlement passing the nights in praying, singing and shouting, imploring mercy and promising complete reformation.

The keeper of a saloon was nearly mobbed and obliged to leave town to save his life, while his store and entire stock was destroyed. But so thoroughly terrified was the man himself by the mysterious bell that he submitted to a protest. The white citizens, who have been investigating the matter, declare that no hoax in the affair is possible. Every home in the settlement has been thoroughly searched, but besides the tolling of so large a bell as the one heard must be to produce such volume of sound would be a difficult matter. The only solution presenting itself is that owing to some peculiarity of the surrounding atmosphere or the conformity of the land the sound of some bell at a distance is carried to this spot with remarkable distinctness, though why the bell should be rung or heard only at the hours mentioned and with such regularity is yet to be explained.

ROMERO ENTERTAINED.

By the Democratic Club in the City of Washington.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—His excellency, the minister to the United States from Mexico, Senor Don Matias Romero, was entertained at the democratic club of this city, where Walter S. Logan of New York gave a dinner in his honor. Over 150 prominent men sat down in the banquet hall of the club. While on his feet, after cigars were lighted, Mr. Romero said in part: "Great doubts have been entertained about the stability of the government of Mexico on account of our political troubles. But as the power of the church has been completely broken down, thus bringing about the successful evolution of liberal and progressive ideas, there is no longer any danger of further political troubles any more than there is in this country or in any of the older nations of Europe, where stability is reasonably considered as an accomplished fact. Sometimes it has seemed to me that the European investors prefer to have their Mexican ventures in the names of citizens of this country, perhaps because they believe that their interests are better secured in that way. Every investor of any nationality is, in my opinion, perfectly guaranteed in Mexico."

AMERICAN TIN.

The First Car Load Ever Mined on the American Continent.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 18.—What is said to be the first car load of pig tin ever mined on the North American continent arrived in this city. It came from Durango, Mexico, and is the property of the Pittsburgh and Mexican Tin Mining company. There are altogether twenty tons of the metal, which is now on exhibition in this city, at the office of the company. The ore of the company at its mines is yielding 14 per cent, which is remarkable, as the highest at the mines in Wales is 12 per cent.

Influenza's Work in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—The ravages of La Grippe in this city have been most severe. At the home for aged women, out of 100 inmates thirty are prostrated with the malady, ten have died, and Elizabeth McGaw, aged 81, while crazed with the malady, cut her throat, dying afterward.

CAUSED A PANIC.

Taxpayers Crowded Into the Courtrooms in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 18.—Early in the morning a gang of tax payers assembled at the court house and a momentarily augmented, the crowd finally numbered three thousand.

It was generally supposed that after the day a penalty of 5 per cent. would be added to the taxes of those who had failed to pay at that time. Finally so terrific became the pressure in the treasurer's office and the great corridors outside, that a panic prevailed, and a terrible scene followed.

Men began pushing and struggling to get forward, and the crush became so great that all the glass compartments were broken down and the crowd surged in all parts of the room. There were several women in the mob, and they received painful injuries, six of them falling in a faint and were trampled upon by the surging mass.

One man, Frederick Miller, had his legs broken in the crush, and at least fifty men were fearfully bruised and wounded. Finally County Commissioner Staley managed to be heard, and announced that an extension of one month would be made, and the panic finally subsided.

A MOB OF ARMED MEN.

Met Swift Justice to a Prisoner in a Florida Jail.

JACKSONVILLE, Dec. 18.—A Live Oak special to the Times-Union says: "Just before 12 o'clock at night a mob of about 100 men, some disguised, all armed with rifles or revolvers, called on Sheriff Patsdamer and seized and overpowered him. They took from him the keys of the county jail, and set the guard over him. They then made a rush for the jail, entered it, took from the cells two negroes suspected of the murder of young Paramore in the streets of Branford last week. The prisoners were bound to trees a short distance from the jail, and their bodies riddled with bullets."

LOOKS LIKE WAR.

People in Callao Astonished at Matta's Reply to Harrison.

CALLAO, Peru, Dec. 18.—The United States steamship, Baltimore, leaves for San Francisco, all on board are unreserved in expression of their indignation over their treatment at Valparaiso, and express the hope that congress will support the president in his demand for reparation.

One of Minister Matta's dispatches in reply to President Harrison's message is regarded with astonishment here. It has been ascertained that the relations of the two countries are so strained that Chili must retreat or else a conflict is inevitable.

It is thought that Chili intends to stand by Minister Matta. It is well known here that the Chilians are trying to enlist men for their fleet.

Gang of Horse Thieves Arrested.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 18.—The existence of a gang of organized horse thieves was revealed by the confession of Charles Gardner in Justice Harris' court here. Since spring over thirty valuable horses and mules have been stolen from the southern part of Davidson county and the upper edge of Williamson. Charles Gardner was arrested in this city and taken to Franklin on a charge of horse stealing. The evidence was strong against him and he became scared and agreed to turn state's evidence. At his instigation Les Halford and Ellis Cartwright, the latter a brother of a man tried some years ago for murder, were arrested, and Gardner told his story in court. He said he and Cartwright and Halford had entered into an agreement over a year ago to work in middle Tennessee, and steal valuable stock and dispose of it in other sections. He went to Bowling Green, Ky., to make arrangements for disposing of the stock. He told how horses had been stolen and disposed of, and the profits divided. Cartwright was held on a \$2,000 bond. Halford is under arrest at Franklin.

Will Take No Part.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—A special to the Herald from Washington says the Chinese empire has officially notified the state department that it will take no part in the World's Fair. The emperor's ground for declining to send an exhibit are that the United States has discriminated against the citizens of the empire, and that Chinese could not come to the exposition without being in the humiliating attitude of needing a special act of congress. No objection is raised to Chinese merchants already in the United States participating in the exposition, but China as a country refuses to take any part whatever in the fair. The result of the China negotiations, which were carried on through Minister Denby, have been wired to Director-General Davis.

To Sleep in a Bath Tub.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Dec. 18.—James Daily, the pugilist with "The After Dark" show, who came in contact with a bear glass hurled by his angry wife, is still in the city. He left with the company, got ten miles out of town, discovered the loss of a valuable ring, and came back after it. He created quite a lot of excitement in the hotel barbershop. He got in a bath tub and about ten minutes afterward went to sleep in the tub with the water running, and when discovered nothing but his nose was above the water. He would have drowned a minute later.

Eating Dog Meat for Consumption.

MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 18.—George Howell, a young man residing in this county, is a victim of that dreadful disease, consumption. Howell concluded to try the flesh of a young pup to effect a cure, and in order to carry out his whim he destroyed her for food. He ate the flesh of a mysterious assailant to whose identity there seems to be no clue. Her face and hands are covered with vitriol. The impression is that it was not meant to throw the vitriol in Mrs. Haberstroff's face, but in that of her pretty daughter Jessie, who is about 23 years old, and is said to have enemies.

Better Mail Service.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The postoffice authorities here have arranged a special mail train, consisting of three postal cars, over the Pennsylvania railroad by which the mail car points in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri and other western points will be expected three hours to a day.

A REVOLTING CRIME.

A Bohemian Poisons His Children—Sleeps with the Corpses.

TOPEKA, Kas., Dec. 17.—Two crimes occurring in the same family on different days have aroused the people of Cherokee county. Thomas Silder, a Bohemian living near Coal City in that county, lost two children—a daughter and afterwards a son—under circumstances first suspicious and then revolting. Before the daughter died Silder refused her medical attendance during her brief illness, compelling her to take a solution of alum. Being a devout Catholic she desired a priest, but the father would not permit the attendance of one, so she died without having had administered the last sacrament. When the daughter was dead the father placed the other children all in one bed, and then retired for the night in the bed alongside the corpse, where he reposed calmly until morning. He arose, dressed his children and then prepared for the burial of the dead child, refusing the assistance tendered by his neighbors. No inquiry was made as to the cause of the girl's death at that time, but when one of the boys was taken down on Saturday and again he refused to call a physician, the neighbors summoned one, who did not arrive until after the boy's death, who now declares that poison did the deadly work. Silder shut out his neighbors, dressed the boy, placed the remaining children in the other bed, and then undressing lay down beside the son, being covered with the same blanket. As the dusk of evening came over and about the house, several women had come in and offered to remain through the night. Silder refused their tendered services, saying he had slept in the bed with his daughter and could do so with his son, and as he would with the rest of the children as their turn came.

When the boy was taken ill a move was taken to have the father arrested as a lunatic, but the second sudden death caused the effort to be deferred. It has been discovered that in addition to compelling the children to take the solution of alum, he had been administering something else in the shape of medicine. There has as yet been no postmortem examination, and the remaining children are too small to know what they were given.

The people living in Silder's neighborhood are about evenly divided as to whether he is a lunatic or a hardened criminal. He has been arrested, and it was found that the children had been taken in a fair way to follow the two dead ones. The story told by the three little children of the two nights, when their father slept with the two dead bodies is such as to lead to the belief that Silder had deliberately planned the murder of all five children. He tried to keep them isolated, and threatened them in case they held communication with any of the neighbors. He had not been cruel or brutal in his visible treatment of them, but there is little question now but that he poisoned the two and was fast bringing about the death of the other three when he was arrested.

A LAMP EXPLOSION.

A Horrible Accident Brings Death in a South Carolina Family.

COLUMBIA, Dec. 17.—A horrible and doubly fatal accident occurred in this city at the home of J. E. Ford, a painter in the Richmond and Danville shops. He and his wife and child were sitting around a lamp, when from some unaccountable reason, exploded. The clothing of the mother and child took fire and they were horribly burned, all their clothing being burned from their bodies. The husband, in attempting to extinguish the flames, had his face and hands and arms fearfully hurt. The mother and her son were so badly injured that the skin and flesh peeled off. The child was more severely injured than either, and presented a most pitiable sight. Dr. Keadall was called in to attend to the family, and he did all that medical science could do to alleviate their sufferings. Mrs. Ford and her child both died. The child first and the mother soon after. Mr. Ford is now in a critical condition, though hopes are entertained that he will recover.

Wants the Bonds Seized.

SHEMAYVILLE, Ind., Dec. 17.—Harry Coleman and Maggie, his little wife, who were solemnly metamorphosed from children 15 years of age in knee pants and short dresses last summer into man and wife, after three months of blissful matrimonial experience have dissolved partnership. Harry says that he discovered that Maggie has an undying affection for other masculine formations of human life, and a jealous nature forbids that he should longer sustain marriage relations with his kid companions. He says that a night recently he clandestinely got under the bed and was so disgusted to find there that the night while his devoted wife, in short dresses, arranged a meeting with an Indianapolis dude in whose fortunes he had no community of interest. He will therefore ask that the guardian be permitted to resume his knee pants and roam the streets as Sandy, the boot-black.

Threw Vitriol in Her Face.

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 17.—Mrs. Carrie Hensbroth lies at her home, 855 Mickle street, with her face swathed in oil saturated cotton. Beneath the bandages are the livid marks of vitriol which has disfigured her face and probably has destroyed her eyesight. She is the victim of a mysterious assailant to whose identity there seems to be no clue. Her face and hands are covered with vitriol. The impression is that it was not meant to throw the vitriol in Mrs. Haberstroff's face, but in that of her pretty daughter Jessie, who is about 23 years old, and is said to have enemies.

By virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, on the 30th day of November, 1891, J. H. Gambrell vs. Dave Wurtzburger et als, I will proceed to sell of the property of said Dave Wurtzburger at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash before the court house doors in the town of Jacksonville within the legal hours of sale the following to-wit: Lot No. 9 block No. 4, on corner of 6th street and Leighton avenue in the city of Jacksonville, Fla., together with the Tyler hill addition to the city of Jacksonville, Ala., as the property of Dave Wurtzburger to satisfy said judgment.

decs-ft L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.